Victoria Daily Times.

VOL. 21. VICTORIA, B. C., SATURDAY, JULY 13, 1895. No. 162

STERLING SILVER ORNAMENTS.

The Biggest Variety. The Best Value.

Challoner & Mitchell, 47 Government St., Opposite Bank of B. C.

The Westside Sale!

SECOND WEEK.

Still Greater Reductions!

What we intend doing for

A BIG JULY TRADE

We have made still further reductions in prices in ALL DEPARTMENTS for this week and are prepared to meet any quotations made by others in the trade.

China Silk, 27 inches wide . . 35c per yd
Ladies' Hose, "Hermsdorf Dye" 16½ c per pair
Art Draperies, ... 18c per pair
Flannelettes, ... 25 yards for $1.00
Prints, guarant'd fast colors, 5½ & 7½ c per yd
Great Bargains in Embroideries.
Summer Dress Goods Greatly Reduced.

Deception has lost many a profitable customer and hurried trade into other channels. If your purchase is not entirely satisfactory return the goods and your money will be refended.

J. HUTCHESON & CO.

July 5th, 1895.

THE FRUIT SEASON

Is now at its height. We are selling more Sugar for a dollar and Fruit Jars for less money than you will pay elsewhere.

WE ARE TALKING SOAP THIS WEEK.

A 20 bar Box Pendray's Electric Soap for 65 cents.

Other quoted prices unchanged. It will surprise you the money you can save by buying from us.

DIXI H. ROSS & CO.

NICHOLLES & RENOUF, LTD.

81 YATES STREET VICTORIA.

AGENTS FOR

The Brantford Mower,
Wisner Hay Tedders,
Tiger Sulky Hay Rakes,
Massey-Harris Steel Frame Wide-open Binder.

AGENTS—New Westminster, T. J. TRAPP; - Vernon, F. C. COSTERTON.

We are still at the same old stand and in the same business. Our stock can be relied upon as much as ever it could, and we're still treating our customers just as we have always done.

A. GREGG & SON,

Merchant Tailors, Yates Street.

THE DOMINION PARLIAMENT

Two Want of Confidence Votes Will be Moved Before the Session Closes.

Senator McInnes Will Appeal for Cabinet Representation for B. C.

Ottawa, July 13.—Upon motion to go into supply yesterday, Mills of Bothwell moved in amendment: "That section 59 of the B. N. A. Act, which prevents the removal for five years of Lieutenant-Governors except for cause assigned, is intended to prevent the undue influence of federal ministers in provincial affairs, and the practice which has become prevalent of allowing Lieutenant-Governors to continue in office for a long time after the expiration of their commissions, by which they become removable at any time without an assigned cause, is an abuse of authority and calculated to impair responsible government in the provinces of the Dominion." The resolution was aimed mainly at the condition of affairs in Manitoba, where Lieut-Governor Schultz has been held in office for some time after his term expired and whose actions since his appointment have often been interpreted as trying to please the government at Ottawa, in whose hands his further term of office rested. The motion was lost on a vote of 66 to 104.

Prorogation is expected on Thursday or Friday. There are two votes on non-confidence yet, one from Laurier and the other from McCarthy. McCarthy intends, on going into committee of supply on Monday, to offer the following amendment: "That this house has heard with regret the statements recently made defining the policy of the government respecting the Manitoba school question, and is unwilling by silence to appear to acquiesce in it or allow it to be assumed that at a session to be held in January next any more than at the present session it is prepared to pass a law to restore the system of separate schools in Manitoba on the lines of the remedial order of March 21, 1895."

Senator McInnes has given notice that he will call attention to the vacancy in the cabinet and ask if it is the intention of the government to fill that vacancy with a representative from British Columbia.

At the Orange demonstration here yesterday Clarke Wallace denounced Bishop Gravel for trying to influence the judicial committee of the privy council. He also stated his position on the Manitoba school question and the position of the Dominion government: "After the last decision they referred the question to Manitoba, ordering the province to restore the separate school system. The Manitoba government, with the concurrence of the legislature, has declined to do this, but at the same time has intimated that if there were any real grievances existing on the part of the minority they will be removed. The Dominion government has placed itself on record before parliament to consider the offer of Manitoba to make a settlement, and in the event of failure to introduce legislation at the next session of parliament. Now, for my part, and I speak under a full sense of the responsibility of my utterances, I say frankly and firmly that I favor the maintainance of non-sectarian schools in Manitoba, and if our constitution permitted it I would advocate a similar system throughout the whole of Canada. I propose to await events rather than anticipate those which may never occur. Nor do I intend to be influenced, no matter from what quarter. Our duty is to adhere resolutely to the ground of principle, swerving neither to the right nor to the left, and in this I hope to have your support and that of the great majority of the people of Canada."

The Free Press came out yesterday in Orange colors, but many of the newsboys being Catholics, they refused to handle the paper, and its distribution was delayed in consequence.

IN THE EASTERN PROVINCES

Monster Orange Demonstrations Pass Off Very Quietly in Ontario.

Manitobans Ready to Sacrifice their Lives in Protecting their Schools.

Winnipeg, July 13.—At the Orange demonstration yesterday the following resolutions were passed: "That the Orangemen and Protestants of Manitoba and the Northwest Territories, now assembled from almost every township in the province on this 12th day of July, 1895, do most solemnly renew our protest against any interference with the rights and liberties of the legislature and the people of this province in their right to establish a system of public schools and to withhold public funds for the propagation of any church, creed or dogma, and we consider this is a fitting opportunity to thank the premier of this province and his worthy colleagues for the noble and patriotic stand they have taken in resisting to the utmost of their power the threatened remedial legislation and the invasion of our liberties as a free people, and we hereby pledge ourselves in the presence of this vast assemblage that we will, even to the sacrifice of our lives, defend our schools and the liberties of our children in this grand heritage which God has given us. That our representative in the cabinet from this province, namely, Hon. T. M. Daly, M. P. for Selkirk, be asked to place his resignation at an early day in the hands of His Excellency the Governor-General, and that A. W. Ross, M. P. for Lisgar, Boyd, M. P. for Marquette, and Hon. T. M. Daly, M. P. for Selkirk, be asked to explain how far they can justify themselves in supporting a government which threatens our province with such a dire calamity, and which no doubt, if carried into effect, would jeopardize confederation.

Hamilton, July 13.—The Orange celebration here yesterday was a monster demonstration.

London, July 13.—The demonstration here yesterday was the finest in many years.

Toronto, July 13.—An attempt was made yesterday to fire the Pythian hall in Bowmanville, but it was discovered in time to prevent a serious conflagration.

Winnipeg, July 13.—Vice-President Shaughnessy, of the C. P. R., is here on route to the coast on a tour of inspection.

Commandant Booth, of the Salvation Army, will visit Lake Dauphin district and Edmonton next week with a view of locating a place for the proposed colony.

PERSONAL.

F. W. Snow and wife of Tacoma are at the Driard.

A. C. Flumerfelt returned last evening from the east.

J. D. Prentice, ex-M.P.P., came over from the Mainland yesterday.

A. E. Suckling is down from Vancouver to referee to-day's lacrosse match.

Miss K. Denny left this morning for the Sound, where she will visit friends.

H. M. Stanberg and J. B. Johnson of New Westminster and H. Kipp of Chilliwack are at the Oriental.

Dr. Davis and wife and W. H. S. Perkins of Nanaimo are at the New England.

R. B. Gosnell has gone east on business connected with the Dominion Historical Committee.

—Mrs. Rita Sears and Mr. R. McCann won the two handsome gold medals for the best lady and gentleman waltzers at the ball given by the Loyal Orange Lodge, No. 1426, of Victoria. There were twenty competitors for the prizes.

—To prevent pale and delicate children from lapsing into invalids later in life, they should take Ayer's Sarsaparilla together with plenty of wholesome food and out-door exercise. What they need to build up the system is good red blood.

TO-DAY'S CABLE DISPATCHES

Some Additional Results of the General Election in the Old Country.

General Campos Desires to Have Cuba—France and Brazil—Bi-Metallism.

London, July 13.—Up to the present 54 Conservatives and Unionists and four Liberals and three Parnellites have been elected to parliament without opposition.

Among the additional candidates elected without opposition are the Right Hon. Sir John Lubbock, Liberal-Unionist, representing London university; Right Hon. William John F. Broderick, Conservative, member for the Guilford division of Surrey, the new under-secretary of state for war; Rt. Hon. Sir Matthew White Ridley, Conservative, representing the Blackpool division of Lancashire, new secretary of state for home affairs; Right Hon. Sir John Gorst, Conservative, member for Cambridge university, new vice-president of the council, and the Right Hon. Lord George Hamilton, Conservative, who represents the Ealing division of Middlesex, new secretary of state for India.

Also among the unopposed candidates returned are Mr. Gustav Wilhelm Wolf, Conservative, East Belfast; Edward J. Harland, Conservative, North Belfast; the Right Hon. Akers Douglas, Conservative, new first commissioner of works, East Kent, Right Hon. U. Kay Suttleworth, Liberal, Northeast Lancashire; and William L. Ashmead Bartlett Burdett-Coutts, Conservative, Westminster.

The Politique Coloniale, Paris, announces that with a view of avoiding a repetition of the recent conflict between the French and Brazilian settlers in the disputed territory of Amapa, the governments of France and Brazil have decided to establish mixed posts in the region.

In the course of a leader on yesterday's crop report the Times says: "The outlook for the farmer is very gloomy and he can discern no clear sign of the approach of the times so often foretold, when low prices will induce the contraction of the wheat growing area in America and Argentine."

The Earl of Hopetoun has been appointed paymaster-general; Lord Belper, captain of the gentlemen at arms; the Earl of Limerick, captain of the yeoman of the guards; the Earl of Coventry, master of the buckhounds, and the Duchess of Buccleuch, mistress of the robes.

The Belgian senate yesterday, by a vote of 59 to 33, adopted the protective duties bill.

The American yacht Zampa was overturned in launching to-day at Southampton, and Augusta Casten and William Shurbert, two Americans, were severely injured. They were taken to the hospital.

The Frankfurter Zeitung, Berlin, says that the South German states which agreed to a currency conference at the same time informed Chancellor von Hohenlohe that it was a mere act of politeness, they being strongly against any change. The bimetallists themselves are in a very confident mood. Their organ declares that the new Conservative government in England and nearly every foreign country would be willing to join in the conference.

A number of the members of the stock exchange have signed a memorial to Sir Michael Hicks-Beach, chancellor of the exchequer, supporting the bimetallic league's position.

President Barrios and ex-President Barrillas, of Guatemala, have quarreled, and the former has threatened the latter with arrest and the confiscation of his property. Barrillas has a host of followers and should Barrios undertake to carry out the threat it would precipitate hostilities immediately.

Advices from Spain make it evident that Gen. Campos wished to be relieved of the command of Cuba. He sees small prospects of leaving the island in triumph and desires to be relieved in time to go home with honor.

Ex-President Louis Bogran, of Honduras, has died of Bright's disease. President Barrios has expressed regrets. Gen. Luis Bogran was elected president of Honduras November 27, 1883. In 1886 he put down a rebellion and executed the leaders. In 1887 he was reelected president. In 1890 he recognized Gen. Carlos Escta as president of Salvador. This led to trouble at home, and there was a powerful rebellion, which Brogan put down with extraordinary vigor, shooting and hanging all the leaders. His cruelty shocked the civilized world. Brogan was succeeded as president by Ponciano Levia, whom Policarpo Bonilla deposed.

CHRISTIAN ENDEAVORERS.

This is Good Citizens' Day and Civic Topics Are Being Discussed.

Boston, Mass., July 13.—To-day is known as the good citizens' day of the Christian Endeavor convention. All meetings, reports, addresses and songs of the forenoon were upon this subject. In the tents under the title "Voice from North America," six minute reports on civic improvements were made by delegates representing all parts of the country.

Dr. Price's Cream Baking Powder
World's Fair Highest Award.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

FOR SALE—One of the best paying Restaurant businesses in the city, cheap for cash. Apply E. G. W., Times office, city. jy13-3t

FOR SALE—Fine driving and saddle horse cheap. James W. Meldrum, Douglas street. jy13-1w

TO LET—By week or month, furnished, kitchen, sitting-room and bedroom, including linen and plate; $5 per week, $16 per month; no other tenant in house. A., Times office. july12-3t

YOUNG LADY WISHES POSITION as housekeeper or cashier, or light housework in small family. Address Room 24, Victoria hotel.

LOST—On the 29th of June, a black and tan Scotch collie, about six months old; reward. A. S. Fraser, Belcher avenue. jy 13-2t.

EXCHANGE—Wanted to exchange city property for wild land not exceeding 5 miles out. Apply J. G., Times office.

STRAYED—From 24 Rae street to-day, small muley cow, Jersey and Holstein cross. Expenses paid for recovery of same. jy13-1t

DENTISTRY.

W. DALBY, D.D.S.

Has opened an office in the Vernon Building, corner Douglas and View streets, opposite the Driard.

Rooms 3, 4 and 18.

REPAIRS! REPAIRS!

Alterations, store and office fittings, carpenter work in all its branches. Weather strips for doors and windows.

J. P. BURGESS,
Carpenter and Builder, 10 Broughton St.

NOTICE

Notice is hereby given that I shall apply to the Board of Licensing Commissioners on Monday next, the 15th inst., for permission to carry on business of retail vendor of wines and spirituous liquors under the current license upon the premises known as the Grand Pacific Hotel, situate at the corner of Johnson and Store streets in the city of Victoria.

Dated 13th July, 1895.

CARLO ROSSI.

Alberni Farm for Sale.

Under and by virtue of a power of sale contained in an indenture of mortgage registered in the Land Registry Office at Victoria, B.C., as No. 14576B in charge book Vol. 11, fol. 889, tenders will be received by the undersigned not later than the 15th day of August, 1895, for the purchase of the farming lands known as lot 15, Alberni District, containing 152 acres, more or less. The highest or any tender will not necessarily be accepted.

Dated 13th July, 1895.

LINDLEY CREASE,
Victoria, B.C., Solicitor for the Mortgagee.
jy13 1m

THE ORANGE DEMONSTRATION

The Conclusion of the Speeches at the Caledonia Grounds Yesterday.

Sports and Games in the Afternoon and the Grand Ball in the Evening.

The Orange meeting was still in progress at Caledonia Park when the Times went to press yesterday. Judge Van Fosen was speaking. He paid a flattering tribute to D'Alton McCarthy. The free school system of the United States was the bulwark of their liberty, and Americans loved it as they loved their lives. It was the wish of the Catholic hierarchy to disintegrate the English-speaking people and raise the rule of Rome. This they would not have. He regretted to say that he believed that Cardinal Gibbons had more influence with Grover Cleveland than did all the Protestants of America. But the A. P. A. had been formed and now there is scarcely a town in the States that has not got a lodge of the order. A short time ago a lodge had been formed in Tacoma with 500 members. On the last 4th of July they turned out 2000 strong. It was a disgrace to the United States that a Fenian force was allowed to be formed to come over and attack Canadians. He knew that the Catholics did not like him. He had received all kinds of letters with skull and cross-bones, but they did not scare him a bit. If they killed him they would have more bleached bones of priests scattered over the plains of Washington than they ever thought of. They intended to drive Catholics out of the United States, ruin their property and pull down the nunneries, and release the poor girls who are confined there. If a priest can make God, as they claim, he had a job for one of them. Let one of them make a planet and send all the Catholics on earth up to it and let them remain there. If Orangemen are true to their principles the Manitoba school question will soon be settled. (Applause.)

Grand Master Sparling read letters of regret from W. T. Fleenor, Rev. Bishop Cridge and Rev. Dr. Reid.

Rev. Mr. McRae, after a few remarks touching the previous speeches, took up the Manitoba school question. When Canada took in Manitoba she took in about 12,000 half-breeds. There were no schools then, but a school system was established and the Catholic hierarchy tried to knock it down. Previous to 1890 all that was necesary for a teacher to get a certificate to qualify to teach in the Catholic schools of Manitoba was to answer a few questions regarding the Catholic church. The provincial government saw that this could not be allowed to continue. The Dominion government tried to force the province to allow this to continue and the members for British Columbia voted for this so-called remedial legislation. (Shame.) In the province of Quebec 36 per cent. of the people cannot read nor write. He would go further and say 36 per cent. of the teachers in Quebec could not pass the lowest grade teachers' examination in British Columbia. Did they want such a state of things to be allowed in Manitoba?

Thomas Cunningham of New Westminster was satisfied that if Catholics understood the principles of the Orange association they would know that Orangemen were their best friends. Orangemen are fighting the battle for the Catholic boys, whom they wish to be educated. He moved the following resolution, which was seconded by Dr. Walkem, M. P. P., and carried unanimously:

"Whereas, through the earnest efforts and unremitting zeal of the Unionists of Ireland, the Radical party has by the Mercy of God been driven from power and is now succeeded by a government composed of statesmen well known for their patriotic determination to maintain the integrity of the empire;

"Therefore we, the members of the Loyal Orange Association in the province of British Columbia, desire, on this auspicious occasion, to record our sincere thanks to the God of our fathers for his timely intervention; we also hail with loyal gladness the advent of the present imperial government and congratulate our brethren in the British Isles on their well-earned success in defeating the party opposed to imperial unity;

"Resolved, that we renew our pledges of affectionate regard for our brother Orangemen of the mother land and of our determination to aid them in maintaining the union of Great Britain and Ireland under all circumstances and at any cost, and that copies of this resolution be sent to the Rt. Hon. Marquis of Salisbury, Balfour, Chamberlain and our imperial grand master, the Earl of Erne."

Mr. Roper spoke of the benefits of the free schools and the trouble over the Manitoba schools. Although he had been a Conservative all his life he would fight the Dominion government on the school question. If the government go to the country to-morrow the people of Ontario and all the Protestants of Canada will tell them they can go just so far and no further. Orangemen must determine to fight against Rome and for our free schools.

Three cheers were given for Manitoba, D'Alton McCarthy, the American visitors and the Queen.

Mr. Furnival proposed three cheers for Grand Master Sparling, which was liberally responded to.

Votes of thanks were tendered to the Daughters and Sons of England for the part they took in the celebration.

An interesting programme was gone through with after the speeches and it was nearly seven o'clock when the last event had been run off. They were all well contested, and as there was ample music supplied by the various bands the afternoon passed pleasantly and quickly. The winners were:

One mile professional, T. Watson, 1; C. Smith, 2.

Hundred yards for Orangemen—E. Braden, 1; E. S. Wilbrand, Nanaimo, 2.

Half mile open—G. Stewart, R.M.A., 1; C. Saratis, 2.

Hundred yards open—G. Partridge, 1; E. Braden, 2.

Fifty yards, single ladies—Miss Campbell, Nanaimo, 1; Miss Craigie, Nanaimo, 2.

Two hundred yards, open—G. Partridge, 1; E. Braden, 2.

One hundred yards, boys—G. Allen, 1; G. McCracken, 2; T. Furnival, 3.

Fifty yards girls under 15—Annie Aaronson, 1; Annie McDonald, 2; Cora Sherett (daughter of D.P.G.M. Sherett), 3.

Old men's race—T. Culbert, 1; J. Braden, 2.

Ladies' race—Mrs. Kennedy, 1; Mrs. Ryan, 2.

Monkey race—W. Braden, 1; E. Wilbrand, 2.

Orange and True Blue ladies' race—Miss A. Furnival, 1; Miss Annie Davis, 2.

Quarter mile—T. Imbert, 1; G. Dennis, 2.

One mile open—W. Drummond, 1; W. Clayton, 2.

Fat men's race—W. L. Church, 1; W. Bissett, 2.

C. Smith caught the greasy pig.

In the evening there was a ball at the A. O. U. W. hall under the auspices of L. O. L. No. 1726. Nearly 500 were present and the affair was most successful in every particular. Messrs. S. G. Campbell, James Cummins, John Walker and William Wallace were the floor managers and performed their duties most acceptably, as did also the reception committee, composed of William Clark, A. McAfee, John Wallace and William Duncan. A sumptuous repast had been provided and was appreciated by the guests of the evening, who expressed themselves as highly pleased with the treatment accorded them by their Victoria brethren and friends.

COL. FIFE AS RICHELIEU.

Bulwer Lytton's Masterpiece at the Victoria Last Evening.

Sir Edward Bulwer Lytton's historical play, "Richelieu," was presented by Col. W. J. Fife and his company of Tacoma players at the Victoria theatre last evening.

Col. Fife, as "Richelieu," gave evidence of ability, which, if cultivated, will make him an actor. With the exception of Mr. J. Pheniere, as the Chevalier de Mauprat, his support is not deserving of mention. Much has been said by the press of the Sound in raise of acting of Col. Fife in the great role of "Richelieu." There can be no question but that the Colonel has that within him of which actors are made—which is saying much—but his interpretation of the part is faulty in many particulars. His articulation is imperfect, though a little care would soon obviate that difficulty, as his voice is heavy and strong. He is at his best in those particular parts which call for a display of intense anger and forcible declamation—then he is good—but it was noted that there was too much action and force in those portions requiring suavity of manner, which is one of the crafty cardinal's chief characteristics. There is no reason at all why Col. Fife should not go to the top of the profession—none whatever—but it would be unwise not to point out faults which are plainly apparent and which, evidently, can be easily rectified. With a stronger support the Colonel would undoubtedly have appeared to greater advantage. As it was it was unsafe to look elsewhere than at "Richelieu" for fear of pain and pity at the struggles of the king, the lords, dukes and soldiers in their respective parts. Miss C. B. Wetmore, as Julie de Martemar, was graceful, cool and faithful to gesture and posture, but, unfortunately, her voice is very weak, which entirely unfits her for tragic parts.

Col. W. J. Fife is a Canadian, having been born in Meaford, Ont., thirty years ago. His parents came to Canada from Fifeshire, Scotland, and the Colonel's father was one of the Cariboo pioneers in 1861.

Nervous Prostration

It is now a well established fact in medical science that nervousness is due to impure blood. Therefore the true way to cure nervousness is by purifying and enriching the blood. The great blood purifier is Hood's Sarsaparilla. Read this letter:

"For the last two years I have been a great sufferer with nervous prostration and palpitation of the heart. I was weak in my limbs and had smothered sensations. At last my physician advised me to try Hood's Sarsaparilla which I did, and I am happy to say that I am now strong and well. I am still using Hood's Sarsaparilla and would not be without it. I recommend it to all who are suffering with nervous prostration and palpitation of the heart." MRS. DALTON, 56 Alice St., Toronto, Ontario. Get Hood's, because

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Is the Only

True Blood Purifier

Prominently in the public eye today. It is not what we say but what Hood's Sarsaparilla does that tells the story.

Hood's Pills act harmoniously with Hood's Sarsaparilla. 25c.

BETWEEN LIFE AND DEATH

THE NARROW ESCAPE OF A WELL-KNOWN NEWBURG MAN.

By the Loss of a Finger Mr. Chas. Moore of That Village Nears Death's Door, But is Rescued After Doctors Have Failed.

From the Napanee Beaver.

In the pleasant little village of Newburgh, on the Bay of Quinte Railway, seven miles from Napanee, lived Mr. C. H. Moore and family. They are favorably known throughout the entire section, having been residents of Newburgh for years. Recently Mr. Moore has undergone a terrible sickness, and his restoration to health was the talk of the village, and many even in Napanee and vicinity heard of it, and the result was that The Beaver reporter was detailed to make an investigation into the matter. Mr. Moore is a carriage maker and while working in Finkle's factory last winter met with an accident that caused him the loss of the forefinger of his right hand. It was following this accident that his sickness began. He lost flesh, was pale, suffered from dizziness to the extent that sometimes he could scarcely avoid falling. He consulted physicians and tried numerous medicines, but without any benefit. He was constantly growing worse and the physician seemed puzzled, and none of his friends thought he would recover. One day a neighbor urged Mrs. Moore to persuade her husband to give Dr. Williams' Pink Pills a trial, and after much persuasion he consented. After a few days he began to feel better, and it no longer needed persuasion to induce him to continue the treatment. A marvellous change soon came over him. Each day he seemed to gather new strength and new life, and after eight boxes had been taken, he found himself again a well man. Mr. Moore is now about sixty-five years of age, he has been healthy and has worked hard all his life until the sickness alluded to, and now, thanks to Dr. Williams' Pink Pills, he is once more able to work in his old accustomed way, and does not hesitate to give credit to the medicine that restored him to health, at no greater cost than a couple of visits to the doctor.

Time and again it has been proven that Dr. Williams' Pink Pills cure when physicians and other medicines fail. No other medicine has such a wonderful record and no other medicine gives such undoubted proofs of the genuineness of every cure published, and this accounts for the fact that go where you will you hear nothing but words of praise for Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. This great reputation also accounts for the fact that unscrupulous dealers here and there try to impose a bulk pill upon their customers with the claim that it "is just as good," while a host of imitators are putting up pills in packages somewhat similar in style in the hope that they will reap the reward earned by the merit of the genuine Pink Pills. No matter what any dealer says no pill is genuine unless it bears the full trade mark, "Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People," on the wrapper around every box. Always refuse substitutes which are worthless and may be dangerous.

A Delightful Trip.

Intending passengers should consider the advisability of making their journey to eastern points in Canada and the United States via the Great Northern Railway to Duluth and thence via the magnificent new passenger steamers Northwest and Northland of the Northern Steamship Company, which are now in commission and making semi-weekly trips between Duluth and Buffalo, calling at intermediate lake ports. By taking this route all dust and excessive heat are avoided and a charming trip through the most beautiful lake scenery is made in superb floating palaces on which no freight whatever is carried. For full particulars apply to H. Martin, 75 Government street, general agent of the Great Northern Railway.

For Puget Sound Points.

The fast steamer Schome, Chas. F. Clancy, master, leaves here every morning, excepting Sundays, at 9 o'clock for Port Townsend and Seattle, arriving at Seattle at 4 p.m., connecting with N.P. R.R. train for the east. Returning, she leaves Seattle at 10 p.m. daily excepting Sunday, arriving here at 6 a.m. Tickets at Northern Pacific R. R. office.

Clearance Sale of Furniture, Etc.

The immense stock of well selected furniture, carpets, curtains, oil cloths, linoleum, crockery, glassware, lamps, etc., of the Sehl-Hastie-Erskine Furniture Co., limited, will be sold at greatly reduced prices for cash. Call early and secure bargains.

—Did not the warm spell teach you a lesson? Get a refrigerator and your eatables will remain sweet. Weiler Bros. *

—Closing out sale tinware at Shore's hardware, 57 Johnson street. Come and see prices. *

—Fruit jars, fruit jars, fruit jars. We have the fruit jar that everybody buys. Weiler Bros. *

—The best assortment of pocket cutlery at Shore's hardware, 57 Johnson. *

—Ice cream freezers at prices to suit everybody. Shore's hardware. *

—Galvanized wire chicken fencing at cut prices. Shore's hardware. *

—All kinds of cutlery at Fox's. *

SUNLIGHT SOAP

6c. THE TWIN BAR GREAT VALUE ALL GROCERS

For every 12 "Sunlight" Wrappers sent to the Canadian Head Office, 43 Scott street, Toronto, Lever Bros., Ltd., will send postpaid a useful paper-bound book, 100 pages.

To Cheer up, Use Adams' TUTTI FRUTTI

Sold by Druggists and Confectioners.

It Aids Digestion wonderfully, and gives tone to the system.

See that "TUTTI FRUTTI" is on each wrapper.

Refuse imitations.

AUCTION SALES.

JOSHUA DAVIES

AUCTIONEER.

MORTGAGEES' SALE.

I have been instructed by the Mortgagees to sell by PUBLIC AUCTION at 11 o'clock a.m., on

THURSDAY, July 18, 1895

The Goods and Chattels, the contents of the

TELEGRAPH HOTEL,

Comprising the Furniture and Furnishings of 55 bedrooms, Bar Fixtures, Liquors, Glassware, Cash Register, Safe, Dining Room Furniture and Fixtures, Crockery, Kitchen Range and Utensils, etc., etc.

The goods and chattels will first be offered en bloc, and if the bids are not satisfactory the articles will be sold in lots as per inventory.

TERMS CASH.

JOSHUA DAVIES,
Auctioneer.

jl3

JOSHUA DAVIES

AUCTIONEER

Mortgagee's Sale.

I am instructed to sell by public auction on Saturday, July 20th, at 12 o'clock, at salesroom, Bastion square, all that piece or parcel of land known as Lot 8, Block 34, city and suburbs of New Westminster, and the southwest quarter of Section 6, Township 15, east of Coast Meridian, New Westminster District, containing 160 acres (more or less), owned by R. W. Armstrong. Also Lots 7, 8, 9 and 10, Block 332, City of Vancouver, and part of District Lot 526, owned by Angus G. Boggs.

jy9-11t. JOSHUA DAVIES, Auctioneer.

NOW OPEN

At No. 60 Government St.

WITH SPECIAL CONSIGNMENTS OF.....

Fresh, Clean Provisions AND Fruits.

SPECIAL CONSIGNMENTS OF

Hams and Bacon, Butter and Eggs, all kinds of Fruit.

All of which we can sell at very reasonable prices for cash.

BLAKIE & McKINNON,

Produce and Commission Merchants.

When Baby was sick, we gave her Castoria.
When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria.
When she became Miss, she clung to Castoria.
When she had Children, she gave them Castoria.

UNDERTAKERS.

CHAS. HAYWARD

(Established 1867.)

Funeral Director and Embalmer

Government Street, Victoria.

THOS. STOREY,

No. 90 Johnson street, VICTORIA, B.C.

FUNERAL DIRECTOR AND EMBALMER.

TERMS REASONABLE.

LEGAL NOTICES.

Land Registry Act.

Lot 3, Block XVI; lot 25, block XVIII; lot 12, block XIX; lots 13 and 25, block XX; lot 17, block XXX; lots 20 and 28, block XXXI; lot 28, block XXXIV, lot 1, block XXXV; lot 4, block XXXVII; lots 2 and 20, block XXXIX; the easterly 2-3 of lot 21, block XL; lot 13, block XLVIII; lot 2, block L; lot 7, block LI; part of district lot 185, in the city of Vancouver.

A certificate of indefeasible title to the above lots will be issued to James Charles Prevost, guardian of the estate of Ernest Wilfred Pratt, otherwise known as Ernest Pratt, on the 28th day of September, 1895, unless in the meantime a valid objection thereto be made to me in writing by some person claiming the estate or interest therein or any part thereof.

T. O TOWNLEY,
District Registrar.

Land Registry Office, Vancouver, 24th June, 1895. 3m.

Land Registry Act.

In the Matter of the Application of Peter Steele for a Certificate of Indefeasible Title to the following portions of Sections XXXI and XXXII, Esquimalt District, viz.:

All that piece or parcel of land forming a portion of Section XXXII., Esquimalt District, together known as Lots 20 and 21, according to a survey and plan made by R. Bonfray, C. E., and more particularly described as follows: To wit: Commencing at the N. E. corner of said section, thence running westerly along the northern boundary of said section 300 links, thence south 475 links, thence easterly to the eastern boundary of said section, 351 links; thence northward along the said boundary to the point of beginning, 562 links.

Also that piece or parcel of land known as Buckley's Orchard, and forming a portion of Section XXXI. Esquimalt District, more particularly described as follows: To wit: Commencing at a point on the northern boundary of the said section 14 feet six inches distant from the N. E. corner of before mentioned Section XXXII., thence running easterly along the said boundary 400 feet, thence southerly and parallel to the eastern boundary of the first above described piece of land 325 feet, thence at right angles west 350 feet, thence north to the point of beginning, 198 feet.

Also all that piece or parcel of land forming another portion of Section XXXI., Esquimalt District, bounded as follows, viz.: On the west by the last described piece of land known as Buckley's Orchard, on the south by a line drawn from the south easterly corner of said last described piece to the Craigflower road and parallel to the northern boundary of the said Section XXXI., to the eastward by the Craigflower road, and to the northward by the northern boundary of said Section XXXI.

NOTICE is hereby given that a certificate of indefeasible title to the above lands will be issued to Peter Steele on the 30th day of September, 1895, unless in the meantime a valid objection thereto be made to me in writing by a person claiming an estate or interest therein or any part thereof.

E. Y. WOOTTON,
Deputy Registrar-General.

Land Registry Office, Victoria, June 24, 1895.

RAMBLING.

One gets tired walking around during the hot summer months. It is an exertion even to take a stroll in the country; but with a

RAMBLER

You can make many miles, enjoying the fine scenery round about the city, and obtain that exercise which is necessary for the man confined during the day.

THE RAMBLER can be seen at

WEILER BROS.

Who are the agents for that BEAUTIFUL MACHINE.

ICE

Tel. 44. B. C. Cold Storage & Ice Co.

BRITISH COLUMBIA.

NANAIMO.

Nanaimo, July 13.—The Nanaimo lacrosse team are much disgusted with the Maple Leaves of Westminster in consequence of what they consider unfair treatment at their hands. It will be remembered the Nanaimo team received unfair treatment in the match at Westminster by being compelled to submit to a referee they did not want and now the Maple Leaves follow up this treatment by refusing to play here tomorrow. They have also behaved ungentlemanly in their replies to telegraphic correspondence. The first telegram from them bore the brief words "Won't play," the next merely contained the brief word "No." The home team will of course claim the match by default, but it is poor satisfaction, and the unsportsmanlike behaviour of the Westminster team has called forth severe censures from the citizens.

A sailing race took place in the harbor last evening between two Peterboro canoes. Navigator B. M. Chambers of H.M.S. Nymph beat Dr. Curry's boat easily. The former is a fast sailer and a smart little craft, her spread of linen being immense.

On the application of Messrs. Barker & Potts, Judge Harrison yesterday appointed Mr. D. S. McDonald, of Haliburton street, the legal guardian of Miss Louisa Stark, daughter of the late Louis Stark, of Cranberry district.

The s.s. Willapa came in for coal yesterday on her way up to Alaska. She had some 60 or 70 passengers aboard, including several prominent Mormons. The steamer proceeded on her journey a few hours later.

John Robertson, a pusher in No. 5 pit, Wellington, had his right leg broken on Thursday afternoon by being jammed between a box and the rib, whilst at work. He was brought to the Nanaimo hospital, where he is still detained.

This afternoon a team from H.M.S. Nymph will play a match with the local team on the cricket grounds. The visitors will comprise Lieut. Stewart, R. Hill, E. W. Harrison, J. Charlton, G. Genner, C. Johnson, H. Verrall, F. Pink, J. Thompson, Mr. Alington, A. Robbins and J. Hopkins, H. Hilton, S. Webster, J. Quine, J. Hodgson, R. Gillard, A. F. Owen, J. Hickman, J. Dixon, C. Bamford, T. Willis, and spare-men R. Hedlie and Dawson. Umpire, F. Wagstaff.

* * *

VANCOUVER.

The Vancouver druggists, with the exception of the McDowell-Atkins Co., have commenced to have their goods shipped in bulk from the east.

Three of Vancouver's aldermen have been disqualified and elections will be held to fill the vacancies. The disqualified aldermen are Messrs. McCraney, Thomas and Brown.

Mr. Hobson, superintendent of the Cariboo hydraulic mine, says the dirt at present being worked is the least paying of the mine.

The sentence of death passed upon Patrick Kane for the murder of Li Mon, the market gardener, on Westminster road, in September last, has been commuted by the government to imprisonment for life. The fact that Mooney, who gave evidence as to an alleged confession of Kane's, was a worthless character, is said to have brought the commutation.

* * *

NEW WESTMINSTER.

Reports from different points along the river indicate that the sockeye run is at hand. The run is fully a fortnight earlier than usual.

There will be a public meeting this evening to discuss bridge matters.

The Cold Storage company are freezing all the sockeye salmon they can secure. Many boats are fishing up river for the company, and their own fleet of seven boats is working on the city drift. The fish will be shipped, frozen, to Australia and Europe.

The transfer of the $20,000 street improvement bonds has been completed, and the money is now lying in the Bank of British Columbia to the credit of the city. The city realized by the sale $22,022, or a fraction over 110 for the bonds, a figure highly satisfactory. The bonds were purchased by the London & Canadian Loan and Agency Co., Ltd., Toronto.

Mr. D. J. Munn, who has just returned from Kootenay, says that construction on the Kaslo & Slocan railway is going on rapidly, there now being nine hundred men employed.

If arrangements are not arrived at between all the canneries, the Anglo-B. C. Packing Co. announces that they will pay 25 cents a fish all through the season.

Work of placing mattresses at the mouth of the river for the protection of the banks is progressing satisfactorily.

Reports from the agricultural districts are very satisfactory. In many places hay harvesting is general. Those who have sown oats are much pleased with the results. They are coming on beautifully. New potatoes are being dug, Chinamen having to be almost exclusively employed, as all who can are turning their attention to fishing. Reports from up the river and from all directions indicate a good all round yield. Small fruits are very plentiful and under improved cultivation the flavor seems to have improved. Cherries, raspberries and currants are being shipped in abundance and are sold as fast as they are picked. In fact all who went into small fruit this year have made money. Apples, pears and plums promise well.

* * *

VERNON.

Vernon News.

The strawberry season is almost over and the fruit is becoming scarce in the city. Over 3000 pounds were sent in from the Coldstream ranch from about an acre and a half, and the BX fruit garden also supplied a large quantity to the local dealers.

A sample of good looking coal was brought in on Monday by Mr. Gus Hen[illegible] from Coyote [illegible] Mr. A. McArthur [illegible] it from Lambly Creek, on the west side of Okanagan lake. The discovery was made by Thomas Armstrong and the seam is said to be about four feet in thickness when it crops out. Mr. D. Gellatley has also found a large seam on the place known as Shorts ranch, which he has traced for over half a mile, and thinks there is lots of it. Both of these locations are favorably situated for shipping purposes, being within easy reach of the lake shore, and it looks as if they might be developed into profitable investments.

Mr. Mark Hill has one of the finest fields of fall wheat that can be seen in any part of the district. The grain now stands over five feet in height, and Mr. Hill, who is a good judge of such matters, feels confident that one field of about 500 acres will overage 40 bushels to the acre.

We have been shown samples of wheat, oats and timothy taken from the farm of Mr. W. M. Cochrane, at Larkin, which for size beat anything that we have seen this year. The timothy heads, which were in the first blossom measured a good 12 inches, and those of the oats, which are a new variety known as the "Nameless Beauty," are a little over 15 inches in length.

The hay crop at the Mission and up White Valley is somewhat later this year than is generally the case, and haying will not be started for about a week yet. The crop, however, is well up to the average in quantity and hay ought to be plentiful throughout the district, as there still remains a considerable quantity of old hay carried over, owing to the exceptionally mild nature of last winter.

* * *

KETTLE RIVER.

Midway Advance.

About a hundred men are prospecting in the neighborhood of Christina Lake, and in the search for quartz ledges are gradually working in a westerly direction towards Boundary Creek. Let them come! The number of recent locations gives promise that all at least will not be disappointed when they reach our camps.

Twenty-three represents the toal number of last week's locations at the recorder's office here, thirteen claims having been recorded in one day. Mr. McMynn's post is therefore no sinecure, his duties now keeping him busily engaged not only for six, but seven days a week.

A sad accident occurred at Grand Prairie on the 4th of July. Mrs. Manley and Mrs. A. Manley, having with them a little baby, were driving to the race track, when the horses became frightened, and one of the ladies breaking, ran away, upsetting the buggy, the occupants being violently thrown to the ground. Mrs. Manley, aged over 70 years, was the most severely injured; and, owing to her extreme age fears are entertained for her recovery.

The North Fork of Kettle river is attracting much attention just now, owing to the fact that two valuable locations have been made by Messrs. W. Austin and S. M. Kirkland: the Twins and Lily K. The ledges are thirty feet wide, and the assay returns for gold and copper are very satisfactory. With some six or seven others Mr. Austin went up the North Fork of the Kettle river with the intention of prospecting the granite belt, which is about thirty miles wide. The south side of the belt, as Gold Drop and Stewart & Patterson's camps demonstrate, is replete with free milling propositions; it is therefore quite possible that we shall next hear of new and valuable gold discoveries on the north side.

Owing to the great increase in the number of claims that are being recorded in the Kettle river mining division, the list will be published weekly instead of monthly as heretofore.

Clement Vacher has struck the Lexington vein on the Jack of Spades. Some of the specimens of ore brought down last week taken from the new vein, were very fine.

Messrs. McCullock and Shallenberger located the White Elephant and the Unicorn in Stuart & Patterson's camp last week. These two claims are very similar, the ledges each being three feet wide. The quartz, evidently calcinaceous in character, is beautifully white in the vein, yet runs well in gold and silver.

Many surprises certainly are in store for us ere the prospecting season draws to a close. Yet when we consider the extent of territory, and the enormous bodies of mineral already known to exist, we ought not to be astonished should we hear of precious metals other than gold and silver having been found in our district. Recently platinum and nickel have both been discovered in the neighborhood of Camp McKinney, and we are quite prepared to believe that ore bodies, carrying metals as rare and precious as gold or silver, will be found to exist in paying quantities here, when once a systematic analysis of ores takes the place of the present method of assaying for gold and silver only. It never seems to occur to some men that the specimens they get assayed can contain anything other than these two metals last named. Perhaps some day they will discover their mistake.

A fine specimen of nickel ore was exhibited at Camp McKinney last week by one of our prospectors; it was in the form of a sulphide, and the ledge from which it was taken is said to be three feet wide. Further particulars of this find will doubtless be of interest to many.

The 200-foot shaft on the Cariboo, Camp McKinney, now being sunk by the Butte & Boston Company, which, when completed, will prove the mine to a depth of 280 feet, is steadily dropping down. The vein at the bottom of the shaft, and the quality of ore in the vein, is all that could be desired. Reckoning from the surface, about one-half of the depth has already been attained. Eighty feet were sunk before the present work was commenced.

Mineral location records for the month of July:—1st—Four Ace, Greenwood Camp, J. Sutherland; Minnie, Copper Camp, T. Atkinson; Samson, Gold Drop Camp, Dan Stuart; Ethiopia, Gold Drop Camp, Dan Stuart; Robert Emmet, Gold Drop Camp, [illegible]; Bess, Gold Drop Camp, P. Hofstetter; Enterprise, Gold Drop Camp, G. Leyson; 2nd—Double Standard, White's Camp, E. P. Suydam; Hiwassee, Skylark Camp, E. P. Suydam; Hope, Skylark Camp, H. Mounts; Mt. Morgan, Copper Camp, Sam Creston; Honey Comb, Copper Camp, Sam Creston; Ranger, Greenwood Camp, John Rogers; Hartford, Greenwood Camp, J. Rogers; Roman Eagle, Christina Lake, W. R. Poulton, Gold Band, Gold Drop Camp, Thomet, Saunders and Miller; St. Maurice, Central Camp, Clement Vacher; Seven Thirty, Copper Camp, R. C. Johnson; Hidden Treasure, Copper Camp, Ned Bennett; C. O. D., Gold Drop Camp, H. G. Cole. 3rd—Buttercup, Wellington Camp, J. Farrell; Girl of the Period, Greenwood Camp, W. J. Porter and J. Farrell. 5th—Carrie, Greenwood Camp, N. C. Gordon. 6th—Fortuna, Gold Drop Camp, E. A. Bielenberg; Rising Sun, North Fork Kettle river, E. R. Shannon; Copper King, North Fork Kettle River, C. Edwin Surig.

Nothing Strange.

Intelligent people who realize the important part the blood holds in keeping the body in a normal condition find nothing strange in the number of diseases that Hood's Sarsaparilla is able to cure. So many troubles result from impure blood that the best way to treat them is through the blood, and it is far better to use only harmless vegetable compounds than to dose to excess with quinine, calomel and other drugs. By treating the blood with Hood's Sarsaparilla scrofula, salt rheum, and what are commonly called "humors;" dyspepsia, catarrh, rheumatism, neuralgia, consumption and other troubles that originate in impurities of the blood or impaired circulation, can all be cured.

Never Touched.

From the time the brine leaves the wells until the pure salt reaches the packages for shipment, Windsor Table Salt is not handled, except by the machinery of the factory. It doesn't cake. Try it.

—First-class Monuments, Headstones and Cemetery Coping at very low prices at A. Stewart's, corner Yates and Blanchard streets.

—Ingrain wall papers with artistic borderings, and pretty ceilings to match, make dingy rooms look beautiful. All the latest tints in stock. Weiler Bros.

—Duties collected in the Kootenay district during the month of May amounted to $14,111.

See My New Dress!

It used to be my mamma's old cashmere, which she took to pieces and dyed with **Diamond Dyes** and made me two new dresses, a blue and a brown. Brother's got a new suit too; it's made from Uncle Jack's old coat dyed over; mamma said 'twas easy to dye with **Diamond Dyes**,—that anybody can use them.

Diamond Dyes are made for Home use. Absolutely reliable. Any color.

Sold everywhere. 10 cts. a package. Direction book and 40 samples of colored cloth free.

WELLS & RICHARDSON CO., Montreal, P.Q.

Pick-Nics

Are the order of the day, and

A. Barker's,

122 YATES STREET, . . .

Is the place to get your

Lunch Baskets and Camping Outfits Cheap,

And the only place in the city where you can get a smokeless frying pan; call and see them; something new.

UNDER NEW MANAGEMENT

THE ADELPHI CAFE

SHORT ORDERS OUR SPECIALTY

Cor. Yates and Government Sts.

RURAL HOUSE,

Saanichton Station, - V. & S. Railway.

This beautiful and healthy resort is now re-opened under the management of J. J. Gray. The accommodation this hotel affords is equal to any. Persons desiring a few days of quiet rest will find this a most charming retreat. Wines are of the best only.

A CHANCE FOR BUYERS.

18 LOTS, blocks 13 and 17, Fernwood, on Duchess and Baronet streets, between Oak Bay avenue and Cadboro bay road, for sale for $2100.

These choice lots are assessed for about fifty per cent more than the price at which we are offering them.

34 LOTS, blocks 4 and 5, Fernwood, on Bank street and Cadboro Bay road, opposite Jubilee Hospital grounds, for sale for $5100; assessed for $7200.

We will sell any city property we own much below the assessor's valuations.

[illegible]

July 10-1m

Chase & Sanborn's

Seal Brand Coffee

Universally accepted as the Leading Fine Coffee of the World.

The only Coffee served at the WORLD'S FAIR.

CHASE & SANBORN,

BOSTON. MONTREAL. CHICAGO.

TENDERS WANTED.

Provincial Royal Jubilee Hospital

(INCORPORATED 1890.)

TENDERS FOR SUPPLIES.

SEALED TENDERS will be received for supplying the above institution from 1st August, 1895, to 30th June, 1896, for the following articles, to be delivered free: Meat, Vegetables, Groceries, Bread, Milk, Drugs and Wood; also for Scavenging and Laundry work.

Tenders to be sent to the undersigned on or before noon of the 20th July, 1895.

The lowest or any tender not necessarily accepted.

Forms of tender can be obtained on application to

H. M. YATES,
Secretary, Bastion Square.

July9-td.

TRANSPORTATION.

General Steamship Agency.

THROUGH TICKETS

To and from All European Points

From Montreal.

Allan Line, Mongolian ....Aug. 3
Allan Line, Numidian ....Aug. 10
Dominion Line, Vancouver ....Aug. 3
Dominion Line, Oregon ....Aug. 8
Beaver Line, Lake Ontario .... ..Aug. 7
Beaver Line, Lake Huron ....Aug. 14

From New York.

Cunard Line, Aurania ....Aug. 3
Cunard Line, Umbria ....Aug. 10
American Line, St. Louis ....Aug. 7
American Line, Berlin ....Aug. 14
White Star Line, Teutonic .... ..Aug. 7
White Star Line, Britannic .... ..Aug. 14
Red Star Line, Friesland ....Aug. 7
Red Star Line, Westernland .....Aug. 21
Nor. German Lloyd, Saale .... ..Aug. 3
Nor. German Lloyd, Aller ....Aug. 6
Anchor Line, Ethiopia ....Aug. 10
Anchor Line, Furnessia ....Aug. 17
Allan State Line, California .....Aug. 3
Allan State Line, Nebraska .....Aug. 17

For rates and full information apply to

GEO. L. COURTNEY,
General S. S. Agent.
Cor. Fort and Government Sts., Victoria.

O. R. & N. SS. LINE.

JAPAN and CHINA.

SS. "ASLOUN"

Due ..... 22nd July

For Portland, Oregon.

Cargo booked for Honolulu.

For freight and particulars apply to

F. C. DAVIDGE & CO.,
Jel4-tf Agents.

The Oceanic Steamship Company

Carrying United States, Hawaiian and Colonial Mails, will leave the Company's wharf foot of Folsom Street, San Francisco

FOR HONOLULU ONLY

S.S. AUSTRALIA (3,000 tons) Saturday, August 3rd, 1895, at 2 p.m.

For passage apply to 138 Montgomery St. For freight apply to 327 Market street.

For Honolulu, Auckland & Sydney without change

The Splendid New S.S. Mariposa Steel Screw Steamer Alameda, Thursday, July 25, at 8 p.m. Or immediately on arrival of the English Mails.

J. D. SPRECKELS & BROS. CO.
General Agents.

FOSTER,
District Agent.

H. E. CONNON, Agent,
Bastion Square, Victoria

CAPT. WM. WEBSTER,
Agent for Puget Sound Territory

ESQUIMALT & NANAIMO RAILWAY.

Str. JOAN,

L. P. LOCKE, Master.

Sails as follows, calling at way ports as freight and passengers may offer.

Lv Victoria .....Tuesday, 7 a.m.
Lv. Nanaimo for Comox, Wednesday, 7 a.m.
Lv. Comox for Nanaimo ....Friday, 7 a.m.
Lv. Nanaimo for Victoria, Saturday 7 a.m.

For freight or staterooms apply on board, or at the Company's ticket office, Victoria station, Store Street. ap25

MADAME BUSHALL,

—AGENT FOR THE—

PATENT DAISY NEEDLE.

For making pin cushions, lambrequins for mantels, windows and pianos, banners, lamp mats, table and chair mats, sofa cushions, toilet sets, etc., etc.

[illegible]

July 10-1m

TRANSPORTATION.

ESQUIMALT & NANAIMO RAILWAY.

TIME TABLE No. 24

To take effect at 8 a.m. on Friday, April 5, 1895. Trains run on Pacific Standard Time.

STATIONS.	No. 1 Pass. Daily.	No. 3 Pass. Sat. Su.	No. 5 Pass. Daily.	No. 4 Pass. Sat. Su.
	South Bound, Read Up.		North Bound, Read Down.	
Victoria	Ar 12 20 pm	Ar 8 30 pm	Lv 8 00 am	Lv 4 30 pm
Duncan's	12 56	9 06	8 43	5 13
Shawnigan	1 05	9 15	8 52	5 22
Cobble Hill	1 13	9 23	9 00	5 30
McPherson's	1 18	9 28	9 05	5 35
Kokiah	1 23	9 33	9 10	5 40
Duncan's	1 30	9 40	9 17	5 47
Somenos	1 38	9 48	9 25	5 55
Westholme	1 43	9 53	9 30	6 00
Chemainus	1 50	9 59	9 36	6 06
Upper Bay Ladysmith	2 00	10 09	9 46	6 16
Oyster Bay	2 07	10 16	9 53	6 23
Nanaimo	2 20	10 29	10 06	6 36
Wellington	2 31	10 40	10 17	6 47
Departure Bay	2 41	10 50	10 27	6 57
Extension	2 46	10 55	10 32	7 02
Comox	3 15	11 24	11 00	7 30
Union	3 40	11 49	11 26	7 56
Courtenay	3 55	12 04	11 41	8 11
	Ar 4 15 pm	Lv 12 20 m	Lv 12 00 m	Ar 8 35 pm

On Saturdays and Sundays

Cheap Excursion Tickets will be issued to and from all points, good to return not later than Sunday.

Return Tickets for one and a half ordinary fare may be purchased daily to all points, good for 15 days, including day of issue.

Through rates between Victoria and Comox.

Mileage and Commutation Tickets can be obtained on application to the Ticket Agents at Victoria, Duncan's and Nanaimo stations.

A DUNSMUIR, President. JOSEPH HUNTER, Gen. Supt.
H. K. PRIOR, Gen. Freight and Passenger Agent.

IF YOU ARE GOING EAST

TAKE THE

CANADIAN AND SOO-PACIFIC ROUTE . . .

THE SHORTEST AND QUICKEST ROUTE

..TO..

Minneapolis,
St. Paul,
Omaha,
Kansas City
Toronto,
Chicago &
Montreal

Running through sleepers and upholstered Tourist cars without change, through the grandest scenery in America.

For rates and all information apply to

GEO. L. COURTNEY, Agent, Victoria.

GEO. McL. BROWN, Dist. Pass. Agent, Vancouver.

CANADIAN PACIFIC NAVIGATION CO.,

(LIMITED.)

TIME TABLE NO. 27,

Taking effect June 21st, 1895.

VANCOUVER ROUTE.

Victoria to Vancouver daily, except Monday at 2 o'clock.

Vancouver to Victoria daily, except Monday, at 13:15 o'clock, or on arrival of C.P.R. No. 1 train.

NEW WESTMINSTER ROUTE.

Leave Victoria for New Westminster, Ladner's Landing and Lulu Island, Sunday at 23 o'clock, Wednesday and Friday at 7 o'clock. (Sunday's steamer to New Westminster connects with C.P.R. train No. 2 going east Monday).

For Plumper Pass Wednesday and Friday at 7 o'clock.

For Pender and Moresby Islands, Friday at 7 o'clock.

Leave New Westminster for Victoria, Monday at 13:15 o'clock; Thursday and Saturday at 7 o'clock.

For Plumper Pass Thursday and Saturday at 7 o'clock.

For Pender Island and Moresby Island, Thursday at 7 o'clock.

NORTHERN ROUTE.

Steamships of this Co. will leave for Port Simpson and intermediate ports via Vancouver the first and 15th of each month at 8 o'clock p.m. When sufficient inducements offer will extend trips to West Coast points and Queen Charlotte Islands.

BARCLAY SOUND ROUTE.

Steamer Maude leaves Victoria for Alberni and Sound ports on the 10th, 20th and 30th of each month.

The company reserves the right of changing this time table at any time without notification.

JOHN IRVING, Manager.
G. A. CARLETON, General Agent.

PACIFIC COAST S. S. CO'Y

Dispatch a steamer

Every 5 days for San Francisco

Carrying Her Majesty's Mails

FROM OUTER WHARF AT 8 P.M.

UMATILLA, . . . JULY 13

E. P. BITHREY & CO., Agents.

ARCHITECTS.

JNO. TEAGUE,
ARCHITECT.
Has removed to new offices corner of Broad street and Trounce avenue.

VETERINARY.

S. F. TOLMIE,
VETERINARY SURGEON,
Graduate Ont. Vet. Col., Member Ont. Vet. Med. Soc. (Late with Dr. John Wende, V.S., Buffalo, N.Y.) Office at Bray's Livery, 100 Johnson Street. Telephone 182; residence telephone 417, Victoria, B.C.

SCAVENGERS.

PETER HANSEN, CITY SCAVENGER Yards and cesspools cleaned by contract or monthly. Prompt attention given to all orders, and prices reasonable. Orders left at Dixi Ross & Co.'s and Robert Porter's, Island Market, Johnson and Douglas streets. Residence, Discovery street, between Government and Douglas. Telephone 184.

JULIUS WEST, GENERAL SCAVENGER, successor to John Dougherty. Yards and cesspools cleaned, contracts made for removing earth, etc. All orders left with Jas. Fell & Co., Fort street, grocers; Cochrane & Munn, corner Yates and Douglas streets, will be promptly attended to. Residence, 50 Vancouver St.

SOCIETIES.

B. C. PIONEER SOCIETY.
The Hall of the above society in Musgrave Block, Broad street, is open daily from 10 a.m. to 4 p.m., for the convenience of the Pioneers and their friends, who are cordially invited to visit the rooms.

VANCOUVER & QUADRA LODGE,
No. 2, A. F. & A. M., B.C.R. Regular communication the third Wednesday in each month, at Masonic Temple, corner Douglas and Fisguard streets. Sojourning brethren cordially invited. LOFTUS BROWN, Secretary.

ST. ANDREW'S AND CALEDONIAN
Society meets in their own Hall, Blanchard Street, on the first Friday of every month. All Scotchmen are invited to join.
E. C. SMITH, Sec.

MISCELLANEOUS.

WEIR-MITCHELL SYSTEM.
MRS. FORTESCUE,
Certified Masseuse.
For terms, etc., apply P.O., Victoria, or "The Bungalow," Esquimalt road.

A. & W. WILSON
PLUMBERS AND GASFITTERS,
Bell Hangers and Tinsmiths. Dealers in best descriptions of Heating and Cooking Stoves. Ranges, etc. Shipping supplied at lowest rates. Broad street, Victoria, B.C. Telephone call 138

JEWELERS, ETC.

SIMEON DUCK. THOS. T. BULL.
S. DUCK & CO.,
AUCTIONEERS,
House, Land and Commission Agents. Account sales promptly settled. Cash advanced on goods for absolute sale. Highest prices paid for household furniture.
Duck Building, 58 Broad street, Victoria

SOLID SILVER WALTHAM WATCHES, $8.50.
S. A. STODDART,
The New Watchmaker and Jeweller,
68½ Yates Street.
Cleans Watches thoroughly for 75c.
New Main Spring, 75c.
Balance and Pallet Staffs, $1.25.
And guarantees all work for 12 months.
Practical experience of over 25 years.

Accurately adjusted.
F. W. NOLTE & CO.,
The Only Opticians, 87 Fort Street
VICTORIA, B. C.

WANTS.

WANTED—A general servant. Apply to "Y" at this office. jy12-6t

WANTED—At Shore's Hardware, 57 Johnson street, cash customers for Garden Tools, Paints, etc. Cheap, cheap for cash.

WANTED HELP—Reliable men in every locality (local or travelling) to introduce a new discovery and keep our show cards tacked up on trees, fences and bridges throughout town and country. Steady employment. Commission or salary $65 per month and expenses, and money deposited in any bank when started. For particulars write The World Med. Electric Co., P.O. Box 221, London, Ont., Canada. je17-3m-d&w

TO LET.

FURNISHED HOUSE to let or for sale—seven rooms; beautifully situated in the heart of the city. For particulars address "Property," Times office. july10tf

WELL FURNISHED ROOMS TO LET—for housekeeping or single; ten minutes from post office. 83 Superior street. July9-tf.

TO LET—Nice Cottage, 5 rooms, bath, etc.; large lot; $6.50; also 3 four roomed cottages, $4, including water. Good place for chickens and cow. Apply 4 Clarke street, Spring Ridge. jy8-1m

TO LET.—Pretty cottage, five rooms and bath. Apply to Skene Lowe, 45 Carr St. may27-tf

Perhaps

Your teeth are Decayed. If so get them attended to at once. Consult a reliable dentist.

CALL ON....
A. A. HUMBER, D.D.S.,
93½ Douglas Street.
The Best Work. Reasonable Rates.

FOR SALE

FOR SALE—20 acres on the Koksilah river, near McPherson's Station, 3 acres cleared, 7 acres slashed, chicken house and shed, cheap for $300. 70 acres adjoining the above, 2 roomed house, chicken house and sheds, 7 acres cleared, cheap at $650. A. W. More & Co. 70 Douglas street.

TRY MARSHALL'S Home-Made Bread. Delivered fresh daily. Full weight, 50 Broad St.

LOST OR FOUND.

FOUND—A dog. Owner can have by proving property and paying expenses. Dean & Crydermen, Yates and Broad streets. jy11-3t

LOST—A bay mare, from Jordan Meadows, on 2nd inst. Answers to name of "Lizzie". Finder will be rewarded by returning same to Speed Bros., 69 Fort street. jy11-3t

STRAYED—From 149 Menzies street, on the 10th inst., a red Durham Cow. Finder will be suitably rewarded by returning same to C. A. Griffin, at above address. je11-tf

LOST—A watch, gold case, open face, engraved rim and plain back. Finder will be rewarded by leaving at Times office.

MISCELLANEOUS

ALL WALTZ—Aker's School of Modern Dancing, open from 2 to 5 p.m. daily. A.O.U.W. main hall. For particulars please call or write, M. C. Aker (graduate), member American Nat. Ass'n Masters of Dancing, U.S. and Canada.

GILT EDGE BUTTER—12 1-2 to 25 cents. American Hams and Bacon at bottom prices. Co-operative Grocery, 19 and 20 City Market.

TO FISHERMEN—Accommodation for one or two at Saahtlam, Cowichan River. Apply 28 Broad street. jl5-tf

MEDIUM.
Are you in trouble? Do you need assistance and advice? If so call on Mrs. Dr. Mearchant. She gives valuable information on all business; can talk with your spirit friends, and for uniting the separated has no equal. Call and be convinced of her wonderful spirit power. Room No. 1, New York Hotel. jl4-1m

JOSHUA DAVIES
AUCTIONEER,
Room 7, - Board of Trade Building.

JULY.

S.	M.	T.	W.	T.	F.	S.
	1	2	3	4	5	6
7	8	9	10	11	12	13
14	15	16	17	18	19	20
21	22	23	24	25	26	27
28	29	30	31			

THEIR BLUNDERING COURSE.

The Montreal Gazette recognizes the fact that the Dominion government made a mistake and laid up trouble for itself when it issued the remedial order. Though some of the lesser lights of the Conservative press have objected to the interpretation of that order as one confining Manitoba to one particular line of action—that is to say, the restoration of the status quo ante 1890—the Gazette has at length come to a different view. In a recent issue it said: "If any legislation which may be introduced in the parliament of Canada falls short in its scope of the terms of the remedial order, the contention may not illogically be made that the basis of federal intervention has not been properly supplied, since the order which Manitoba declines to observe is not the order embodied in the bill before the house. A situation like that would, of course, imply that the government had erred in the drafting of the remedial order by making its limitations so narrow, its injunctions so drastic, that when legislation came to be proposed modifications were deemed necessary." And further on: "Looking at the state of things presently existing one cannot help regretting that the federal authorities did not, after the receipt of the last decision of the judicial committee, and the hearing of the appeal of the minority, ascertain the disposition of the Manitoba government before serving a formal order upon that body." All impartial observers will agree with the Gazette that the government went wrong when it commanded Manitoba to restore separate schools as they were before 1890, on penalty of the Dominion parliament interfering to do so. Nor is there is much of a prospect of the effects of that mistake being warded off by the delay on which the government has decided, though the respite has been hailed with a sigh of relief and a melancholy attempt at jubilation on the part of the Conservative organs. As matters now stand, the government is under fire from the Wallace wing of its own party, who declare that they will not allow it to carry out the remedial programme to which it is pledged. On the other hand, it is looked on suspiciously by the French Conservatives, who have little confidence in the government's promise being carried out. One of these, Mr. Belley, M.P. for Chicoutimi, no doubt accurately described the Quebec Conservative temper when he said the other day: "The Quebec ministers have not confidence in the other ministers. There are several ministers, especially those from Ontario, who the Quebec ministers believe are not sincere in promising another session and the remedial bill." In short, the government is in a practically hopeless position, wherefore it is not surprising to find the terriers of the Conservative press giving relief to their feelings by barking at Mr. Laurier's heels.

A SATISFACTORY OUTLOOK.

British Columbia mining appears to have every prospect of satisfactory progress during the present and coming seasons. District after district is furnishing material for gratifying reports. Recent developments give no indication that any portion of Kootenay has fallen off in promise or performance; from Trail Creek all the way round to Fort Steele progress and confidence would appear to be the order of the day. Capital is receiving every encouragement and is growing bolder in respect of mining chances. Cariboo and Yale have likewise their good news to tell. In the latter part of which in point of exploration is our newest mining country—the work of discovery and development is going on at a very gratifying rate. In the vicinity of Okanagan lake some important "finds" have been reported, with prospects which seem to please the discoverers very highly. In the Kettle River and Boundary Creek districts new "leads" are being rapidly located, and something like a mining "boom" has made its appearance. With mineral wealth development this will be a highly favored district, for it has a large area of high class farming land as well. The people of this province generally may hope to benefit from all these new discoveries in the near future.

FLASHLIGHT FOR TIGERS.

An East Indian Hunter's Employment of Electricity.

Electricity has now been applied to tiger-hunting, and the sportsman in the Indian jungle before he pulls the trigger of his gun touches a button, which throws a flood of light upon his prey. This may rob tiger-hunting of much of its romance, but it is effective, and thus far several large, well-developed tigers have been gathered in as a result of the clever arrangement.

It has been found almost impossible to draw tigers into the open during the day near thickly settled parts of India. But at night this is easily accomplished by placing a dead carcass in some convenient place, where the hunter may lie hidden in ambush. But after the tiger has scented the blood of the dead animal and has begun to tear the carcass it is difficult for the hunter to take aim without seeing him.

This has now been obviated by hanging an electric light directly over the carcass. At the instant that the light is turned on the tiger is so startled by its appearance that he does not move. Tigers are not in the habit of looking up, and it takes several seconds before the animal realizes where the strange light comes from. This pause, which he makes before endeavoring to escape, is quite sufficient to enable the sportsman to take aim and place a large, substantial bullet in a vital part of the tiger's body.

"At present," says the inventor of this system in a letter to the Scientific American, "I use a battery of six large cells, filled with sal ammoniac. It is very heavy and cumbersome, and the lamp only a five-candle power lamp. Its recommendations are that the battery is good for the next ten years, and only wants an occasional filling up of the cells with water and sometimes a little fresh sal ammoniac. As I run only for shooting during six months of the year, this is a great advantage. The method of using is as follows: From the box containing the cells I have a line of wire (double, of course), say thirty to forty feet long, slipped onto each end of the box by butterfly nuts, the lamp, which is tied to a branch of a tree immediately over, (say twenty feet high), the bait being at the other end.

"At about two yards from the battery there is a connection, I think, called a male switch. A short line of wire, about three or four feet long, makes the connection to the fore end of my rifle; at one end of this short length is a female switch to fit on to the above male, and at the other end two small rings are made of the wires. These rings are fastened by two big-headed screws to the bed of the connection. On nearing the tiger at the kill aim as nearly in the direction as I can, then a slight pressure of the thumbs makes the electric connection and the light opens right over the tiger."

This scientific sportsman also employed accumulators, but they did not seem to be adapted to such rough work. He is now fitting himself with a battery which may be carried in the belt like cartridges.

Thirty such batteries carried in this way would, it is estimated, be sufficient to provide a sixteen-candle power light. This system of night hunting, it has been suggested, might be employed in hunting big game in the Rockies.

None But Ayer's at the World's Fair.
Ayer's Sarsaparilla enjoys the extraordinary distinction of having been the only blood purifier allowed an exhibit at the World's fair, Chicago. Manufacturers of other sarsaparillas sought by every means to obtain a showing of their goods, but they were all turned away under the application of the rule forbidding the entry of patent medicines and nostrums. The decision of the World's fair authorities in favor of Ayer's Sarsaparilla was in effect as follows: "Ayer's Sarsaparilla is not a patent medicine. It does not belong to the list of nostrums. It is here on its merits."

TO SEWER TWO DISTRICTS

Council Will Expend Balance of Loan at Once Under Day Labor System.

Johnson Street Ravine is Also to Receive Attention—Chinese Labor.

At last night's meeting of the Board of Aldermen, which was attended by all the members, the first steps towards sewering two districts of the city with the balance, some $25,000, which remains in the sewerage loan of 1894, were taken. The matter came up in the shape of a series of reports from the sewerage committee. The first report was as follows:

"That so far as we have been able to arrive at the facts from the data furnished by the City Treasurer and City Engineer, and making allowance for possible expenditure in connection with the still unsettled claims of Messrs. Thomas & Glover and Messrs. Coughlan & Mayo, from the loan of $100,000 for sewerage purposes, there will still remain a sum of $25,000 available for further work. To enable your committee to come to a more accurate conclusion in the matter we would recommend that the retiring sewerage commissioners be requested by the council to furnish a complete statement of all the expenditures made from the loan; of the present liabilities; of all the funds on hand, and that the proper steps be taken to have the funds transferred from the control of the commissioners to the Mayor and council."

The second report recommended the immediate construction of sewers on Fort street, from Blanchard to Quadra; on Yates, from Blanchard to Vancouver; and on Pandora, from Douglas to Quadra—also that the Johnson street sewer at present emptying into the harbor be connected with the separate system having its outlet at Clover Point. The report further recommended the taking in hand of sewer construction on Belleville street, Birdcake Walk and Menzies street, as soon as the necessary formalities with reference to the deed are completed, the city engineer being instructed to proceed with the preparation of plans at once.

The third report recommended the appropriation of $20,000 out of the sewerage loan fund of 1894 for the work here outlined, this work to be done by day labor in charge of foremen and under the supervision and direction of the City Engineer, and the foremen to be paid at the rate of $3 each per day of nine hours.

A fourth report recommended that the foremen, timekeepers, and inspectors to be placed in charge be appointed under control of the city engineer, and that they be selected from the following: James Pope, J. G. Brown, J. Pascoe, Hugh Macdonald, J. Blackwood and W. Clarke.

The same committee reported on the Johnson street ravine as follows:

"In view of the dangerously unsanitary condition of the Johnson street ravine it is the duty of this council to take prompt and vigorous action to abate the nuisance. We would therefore recommend that the city clerk should notify all agents or owners of property bounded by Blanchard, Yates, Douglas and Johnson streets, the harbor front and Store and Cormorant streets, inclusive, requesting their attendance at a conference with the council to be held in the committee room of this hall, at 8 o'clock p.m. on the 18th inst., and that the Mayor and council attend at the same hour and place."

The sixth report from the committee recommended that Thomas and Glover be paid upon the same basis of computation as Harrison and Walkley and that they be given $172.82 in excess of the total originally proposed to be paid them, that being the sum given by the new computation. Received and adopted.

All of the reports were received and adopted without discussion.

The Tax by-law was reconsidered, adopted, and finally passed.

The matter of naming a city solicitor was laid over for another week.

Alderman Macmillan brought up the matter of employing Chinese in connection with work at Jubilee Hospital and moved that the action of the city's representatives in favoring white labor exclusively be endorsed.

Ald. Humphrey said that the report of Dr. Duncan on Chinese vegetables should be sent to the board as well. He seconded the motion.

Ald. Macmillan in speaking about the laundry said that there was danger of infection from the Chinese.

Ald. Cameron said that it might hurt the white laundry if it were known that the washing from the hospital were sent there. It might be well to have the laundry work done at the hospital.

Ald. Macmillan said that no clothes that contained the germs of disease were ever sent to the laundry.

Ald. Wilson said that it had always been purely a matter of expense.

Ald Partridge believed the directors would resent any interference, and he himself believed them competent to look after the affairs of the hospital.

The motion was carried on division, Ald. Wilson and Partridge voting no.

Ald. Cameron brought up the matter of purchasing apparatus for testing cement, but it was left to the committee.

The council adjourned at 8.45 to go into executive session on the claim of D. Cerinel.

Nearly everyone needs a good tonic at this season. Hood's Sarsaparilla is the one true tonic and blood purifier.

—To be free from indigestion, cheerful and hearty, use Adams' Tutti Frutti. Decline to take imitations.

Dr. Price's Cream Baking Powder
World's Fair Highest Medal and Diploma.

Important Auction Sale
..OF..
Furniture, Carpets, Books, Dinner Service, Glass and China Ware, Cutlery, Etc., including

Oak, Walnut and other hardwood Bedroom, Dining Room and Parlor Furniture, Open Grate and other heating stoves, Singer Sewing Machine (latest style), Rare Edition of the "Voyages of Capt. John Vancouver, 6 vols. bound in leather, pub. 1801, "History of Ireland from Earliest Times to the Present Day" by Thos. Wright, Esq., M.A., F.S.A., "Commercial Precedents" and other books, Lace and Stuff Curtains, Eureka, Grand, Universal and other cooking Stoves, very fine Lawn Mower, and other garden tools, and a large number of other effects too numerous to mention, the whole of which will be sold without reserve under instructions from a gentleman giving up housekeeping.

H. Cuthbert & Co.
Real Estate, Furniture and General Auctioneers,
..ON..
Wednesday, July 17th, at 2 p.m.,
in their commodious salesroom, 34 and 36 Broad street, and 26 Trounce ave.
TERMS CASH.
HERBERT CUTHBERT & CO.,
Leading Auctioneers.

FEEDING THE DEAD.

Curious Religious Custom Which Exists In Servia.

The Servians are good eaters. They eat heartily during their lifetime, and it would seem that they are expected to continue eating even after they are dead and buried. I assisted at a solemn requiem for the repose of the soul of General Horwatovitch. Some time ago Mr. Maclure died in Belgrade. This gentleman was one of the most prominent English friends of Servia. In 1876 he joined the ambulance service of the Servian army and gradually became so enamored with the Servian people that when the second war broke out, he shouldered a gun and fought in the Servian ranks against the Turks.

In token of gratitude and respect for the memory of this Englishman the whole of the cathedral choir, the Metropolitan and fourteen priests officiated gratuitously at a requiem held for the repose of his soul. The church was crowded with sympathetic people, and these ceremonies were rendered in the cathedral of the orthodox church. In spite of the fact that Mr. Maclure was a Presbyterian. This speaks well for the Greek church. Considering the honor which had thus been rendered my fellow-countryman, it seemed that the least I could do was to join in the homage now paid to his former commander, the Servian general and hero. Thus I found myself in the cathedral, and, like them, holding in my hand a burning taper, which, I take it, was emblematic of the living soul of the dead.

The priests stood around a small circular table draped with black, and on it was placed what seemed to me to be a mysterious sort of dish. The priests chanted, the choir responded from the gallery above with slow, sad, melodious music, while the crowd stood with bowed heads, silently holding their burning tapers. At last, at the end of the ceremony, the priest, taking a decanter, poured some red wine out in the form of a cross over the dish that so keenly awakened my curiosity. Then an attendant came round with a tray, in which we each extinguished and deposited our candles. By this time the dish had been removed to the door of the cathedral, where it was held by one of the relatives of the late general. One by one the crowd filed past the dish, took up the spoon and helped themselves to a mouthful.

Naturally I followed suit, and found that it consisted of boiled wheat, sweetened, strongly flavored with spices and moistened with wine. This, it appears, was food for the dead. When I inquired what would be done with what remained in the dish, I was informed that it would be taken to the cemetery and put on the grave. Just as the Indian is buried with his bow and arrow, so that he may be fully equipped for the happy hunting fields, so the Servian is provided with food by his loving relatives for his long and last journey to the unknown land whence no traveler returns.

Naturally this savage, though poetic practice has been tempered by the reason that education and civilization brings. Food and food of all sorts meats, cakes, corn, pastry and wine—is taken to the cemetery and brought to the grave of the departed. The wine is still poured over the grave in the shape of a cross; but instead of wasting the food by leaving it to rot on the ground the persons passing by are invited to eat for the repose of the soul of the departed. Thus, especially on Saturdays, when many persons visit the graves of lost relations, a great number of poor people flock to the cemeteries and there, in memory of the dead, are given all sorts of food.

As it would be considered a very bad omen to bring back any of the food to the house, the mourners are always eager to find persons to accept what they have taken to the cemetery.

First they give to their friends, who only take a mouthful out of courtesy, and then help liberally any poor person who may be at hand. Thus, in a manner which does not pauperize or humiliate, are the poor relieved in honor of the dead. There is much to be said in favor of this custom. A bowl of stewed wheat or plateful of mutton chops may not seem as poetical as a wreath of flowers, but they confer an equal honor upon the dead, while they are infinitely more useful to the living.—Philadelphia Telegraph.

—Neglect of the hair often destroys its vitality and natural hue, and causes it to fall out. Before it is too late, apply Hall's Hair Renewer, a sure remedy.

Poison Fly Pads.
Tanglefoot Fly Paper.
Disinfectants.

BOWES' DRUG STORE,

100 Government Street.
Next door to Hall & Goepel.

$3 PER DOZ. CABINETS

For one Month only, at
SKENE LOWE'S,
93 Government St.

See Our New Designs WALL PAPERS. See Our Prices

J. W. MELLOR, - 76, 78 Fort Street, Above Douglas

BRIEF LOCALS.

Gleanings of City and Provincial News in a Condensed Form.

—Low prices are tormenting big values. Cameron, the cash clothier, 55 Johnson street.

—The smokeless frying-pan—the best thing out. Only at A. Barker's, 122 Yates street. *

—The capital stock of the Texas Lake Ice and Cold Storage Co., of Vancouver, has been increased from $25,000 to $50,000.

—On the 19th inst. the semi-annual meeting of the Vancouver Island Building Society will be held in the Sir William Wallace Society Hall.

—A line of chenille table covers just received by Weiler Bros. These are the best value we have ever bought, and you can get a real good cover at a low figure. See them. *

—At the regular meeting of the Sir William Wallace Society last evening a paper prepared by Alex. Begg, C.C., on "The Romans in Scotland" was read and proved very interesting.

—The Cinnabar mining company, of Vancouver, has been incorporated with a capital stock of $100,000 in $1 shares. The incorporators are R. G. Tatlow, A. G. Ferguson and C. O. Wickenden.

—Did you ever stop to think of the vitals of the clothing you buy? The vitals of your clothing are as important as the vitals of your watch. Cameron, the cash clothier, 55 Johnson street.

—Ask your grocer for the new package of Paris Lumps the Refinery has just put on the market. The package is a 25 pound box, and the lumps are all neatly arranged in rows and cut extra thin. Price very moderate. *

—Dr. W. Dalby, who recently passed the examination of the B. C. Dental Society, entitling him to practice dentistry in the province, has opened an office in the Vernon block at the corner of Douglas and View streets. Dr. Dalby is a graduate of the Philadelphia Dental College.

—The steamer Umatilla sails this evening for San Francisco. The cabin passengers booked from Victoria are: Mrs. Hollister and daughter, Miss A. Wickham, Mrs. Gardner, Miss Chambers, Miss M. Chambers, J. Sheasgreen and wife, Mrs. Donald, Miss Donald, S. Crelly, C. J. Roberts and Miss Eva Clarke.

—The Marquis and Marquise de Levis, accompanied by Mlle Himmindal and suite, are at the Driard. They are travelling for pleasure. The distinguished party dined with Lieut.-Governor Dewdney to-day and spent some time in viewing the city. The marquis is a descendant of the famous Chevalier de Levis, in whose memory a monument was recently erected in Montreal. The chevalier was Montcalm's lieutenant, and commanded the French forces after that general's death.

—Mrs. J. F. McIlmoyle died at her home at Saanich on Thursday afternoon. She leaves several small children, a husband and a host of friends to mourn her loss. The funeral will take place on Sunday at 2:30 from the residence and later from Holy Trinity church, North Saanich. The members of Vancouver Lodge, No. 5, A.O.U.W., will attend in a body, leaving the city on the 2 o'clock train for Sidney. All members of the A.O.U.W. and Degree of Honor are invited to attend.

—Rev. John Robbins, of Truro, N. S., arrived in the city yesterday by the City of Kingston from Seattle, and lectured last evening in James Bay Presbyterian church to a good audience on "Scotland and France, Land of Knox and Home of Voltaire." Dr. Milne presided and a cordial vote of thanks was moved by Mr. Burns, of the educational department, and seconded by Rev. J. A. Logan, of Chilliwack, a former co-presbyter of the lecturer. Mr. Robbins preaches at both services at James Bay Presbyterian church to-morrow.

—Grand Master Workman F. L. Budlong, of the A.O.U.W., will arrive in this city on the 21st inst., and will, accompanied by other Grand Lodge officers, visit the four A.O.U.W. Lodges and the two Degree of Honor Lodges during the following week. Arrangements are now being made for a public reception to be held in A.O.U.W. Hall, Yates street, on Thursday evening, July 25th. The next meeting of the general reception committee will be held in A.O.U.W. Hall on Wednesday evening next, at 8 o'clock sharp, and all members are requested to be present.

—"The Satire of Infidelity" will be the subject of an address by Rev. J. Robbins, of Truro, N. S., at Y. M. C. A. hall to-morrow afternoon at 4 o'clock. There will also be a duet by Harris Brothers. Admission free.

—No date has as yet been fixed for the test of the electric light plant. Some minor changes and improvements are being made and it is hoped that the next test will show everything to be up to requirements.

—The steamer Schome, which left for the Sound this morning, carried away a large number of the A. P. A. visitors who came here for the celebration yesterday. There was a good-sized crowd at the wharf to see them off.

—The semi-annual general meeting of the Vancouver Island Building Society will not be held on Friday, July 19, but on Saturday, August 20. It was impossible to secure Sir William Wallace hall for the first date mentioned, and hence the postponement.

—Nellie Williams, one of the women who figured in the sensational runaway yesterday, was arrested on Broad street last night in a state of intoxication. She was released on $10 bail and as she did not appear in police court this morning Magistrate Macrae ordered the bail forfeited.

—The extension of water mains at Beaver Lake to a point beyond where the cofferdam is to be constructed has been connected with the old mains and the water now being distributed throughout the city is from the centre of Beaver Lake, and should be purer than that taken from nearer the dam.

—Messrs. Wakley, King & Casey commence operations at Elk Lake on Monday. They will first erect quarters for the workmen who will be employed upon the filter beds. With good weather it is hoped to have the work completed in five months, but it is not unlikely that the fall rains will interfere somewhat with the operations. The contractors are busily engaging men, who will be boarded at the works.

—Edward Walker, proprietor of the Gem restaurant, had a dispute with G. H. Marshall, one of his waiters, over some work last evening and discharged him. After Marshall received his wages he turned to and assaulted Walker. He was arrested and in police court this morning convicted of assault. Magistrate Macrae fined his $10 and $2 costs, with the alternative of a month in jail. The fine and costs were paid.

—Ald. Partridge posted the following notice of motion at the city hall this morning: "That the engineer be requested to measure the electric light circuit for the purpose of ascertaining the number of miles of new wire, the number of miles of old wire, also the amount on hand, and also to engage an experienced and reliable lineman to assist him in the said work, and to report to the council." The motion will be presented at the meeting of the council on Monday night.

—The programme for the citizens' concert to be given on Monday evening in aid of the Aberdeen reception deficit is as follows:

Overture—"Barber of Seville" ... Rossini
Prof. J. M. Finn's Band.
Song—"The Chorister" ... Sullivan
Mr. Herbert Kent.
Song—"St. Anthony" ... Stephen Adams.
Mr. C. W. Rhodes.
Song—Humorous ...
Mr. F. Richardson.
Song—"Lovely Spring" ... Coenen
Miss Heathfield.
Song—"Best of All" ... Moir
Mr. Clement Rowlands.
"Hunting Scene" ...
Prof. J. M. Finn's Band.
Plantation Songs and Dances ...
The Big Four.
Song ...
Mrs. Archer Martin.
Son—"Fearless" ... Campana
Mr. George Jay, jr.
Song—Humorous ...
Mr. F. Richardson.
Song—"The Outpost" ... Pinsuti
Mr. J. G. Brown.
"Selection from the Mikado" ... Sullivan
Prof. J. M. Finn's Band.
"God Save the Queen."

—The council had a conference with D. Cartmel in regard to his claim for compensation as expert engineer in connection with the electric light works last night, and decided to give him the amount he asked for. Mr. Cartmel worked 44 days and asked pay for it at the rate of $8 per day, the same as first paid C. H. Stickels, while some of the aldermen believed a straight wage of $125 per month sufficient. The matter was talked over last night and the majority of the board came to the conclusion that as Mr. Cartmel unraveled the tangle in which he found matters and did his work in a highly satisfactory manner he was certainly entitled to as much pay as Mr. Stickels. No agreement was entered into when he was employed, and had the place been permanent $125 would no doubt have been acceptable. There was about $100 in dispute and according to the decision last evening Mr. Cartmel receives it.

Few medicines have held their ground as successfully as Ayer's Cherry Pectoral. During the past fifty years, it has been the most popular of all cough-cures and the demand for it to-day is greater than ever before. Prompt to act and sure to cure.

—Trout flies, rods, etc., at Fox's. *

Awarded
Highest Honors—World's Fair.
DR. PRICE'S CREAM BAKING POWDER
MOST PERFECT MADE.
A pure Grape Cream of Tartar Powder. Free from Ammonia, Alum or any other adulterant.
40 YEARS THE STANDARD.

GEO. R. JACKSON. The Rush Still Continues. All Our Clothes Must Go. GEO. R. JACKSON.

WE DOWN ALL COMPETITION IN THE TAILORING LINE.

GEO. R. JACKSON, The Napoleon of Low Prices.

Suits MADE TO ORDER $16.00

Pants MADE TO ORDER $3.50.

Merchant Tailor.

Our Merchant Tailor Store is crowded all the time. We do the business.

WE ARE ABLAZE WITH Low Prices AND YOU CAN'T STOP US.

We are the REGULATORS OF LOW PRICES and at all times lead. Our Competitors follow very slowly behind.

GEO. R. JACKSON. Those Golden Dollars Roll Our Way. We Are Alive With Low Prices. We Are Full of Business. GEO. R. JACKSON.

AN OBJECTIONABLE EXPRESSION.

To the Editor:—I was an interested spectator to-day of the parade and festivities connected with the annual celebration of the Orange societies in this province. I do not wish to say a word with reference to the form which this celebration takes. Presuming that there is a necessity for such an organization as the Orange order in our country, I do not wish to discuss the advisability of the playing of party tunes on such an occasion as to-day. This and other features of the celebration I prefer to leave alone, but one statement read in a resolution presented by a prominent speaker in this afternoon's orations, and which resolution was declared carried by the chairman, caught my attention very strongly by reason of its extremeness, and I am much surprised that a man of the intelligence which the mover of the resolution undoubtedly possesses should allow sentiment to overcome his better judgment and be guilty of uttering such a palpable absurdity. Referring to the recent accession to power of the Conservative party in the old country, the objectionable words were as nearly as I can remember, "The radical party has, by the voice of God, been driven from power." It is certainly a very great deal to assume, as the speaker in question undoubtedly has, that the Tory party is under the very special guidance of heaven. I can only characterize the statement as fanatical in the extreme.

SPECTATOR.

Victoria, July 12.

What Do You Pay for Groceries?

How About This?

3 lb. Box Smith's Soda Biscuits, 20 cents.
2 lbs. Cheese, 25 cents.
Sugar, Tea, Flour—the Best Goods—at Prices which save you money.

Hardress Clarke, cor. Yates & Douglas Sts.

TOWED BY A SWORDFISH.

Story of a Boston Fisherman With Which an Affidavit Should go.

John Troy, fisherman, of 57 Charter street, Boston, arrived in New York the other day aboard the three-masted schooner Katie C. Wilbur, of St. John, N. B., and spun the following tale of the sea:

"I am one of the crew of the fishing boat Iolanthe, of Boston, Walter Martin, captain. On Thursday last the Iolanthe was off Chatham, Mass., and five of her fourteen dories at 3 a.m. put off to set trawls for fish. There was one man in each dory. My trawls parted, so I rowed in to get the buoy aboard. I got it in, and was placing my oars aft, when a twelve-foot swordfish, prowling on the bottom of the sea, got tangled in the buoy line, and started ahead like a streak of lightning. I was nearly pitched into the sea, and the dory half filled with water. I saved the oars, but one of the trawl nets went overboard. I dared not move forward to cut the line for fear the dory would upset, so I had to sit still and let the fish have full swing. I halloed at the start like dear life for help, but no one paid any attention to my cries.

"The swordfish towed me for five hours before it let up. Once it came to the top and gave a leap of twelve feet into the air, and then shot under the water again sideways. The wrench carried off the dory's gunwale. At the end of the five hours the fish came to the top again and died, of worry, I guess. They say that's what always kills the swordfish. Then I cut the line, losing seven fathoms of rope and one of my two anchors. The other anchor I dropped to see how the tide was going. It was running westward. Then I began to row, going by the sun. I pulled all of Thursday afternoon and night, and about 1 a.m. on Saturday was so tired and thirsty that I anchored in 68 fathoms of water and tried to get a sleep at the bottom of the boat. I had had neither food nor water since I left the Iolanthe. I couldn't sleep, and in an hour's time heard a fog-horn. I raised my head and saw two lights bearing down on me. I stood up and halloed as loud as I could. I tried to, but I couldn't break the anchor line. Again I shouted to keep off. Then the captain of the vessel spoke to me and asked me to come aboard. I did so. They gave me some tea, and then I fell asleep. I was told she was the Wilbur, bound for New York, with timber. I was picked up forty miles east of Chatham. I am very thankful for my rescue. I thought time and again it was all up with me. It's the second swordfish I've had dealings with. Once on the Grand banks we caught one in a net, but seven men couldn't land him."—Boston Journal.

WARNING

$100 Reward

Will be given to any one who will give such information as will lead to the conviction of any person or persons imitating our trade mark by stamping plugs of tobacco with bronze in such a manner as to lead consumers to believe that they are receiving our

MYRTLE NAVY TOBACCO

Each plug of which is stamped with

T. & B. IN BRONZE.

Our Chewing Tobacco is stamped with T. & B. Tin Tag.

THE Geo. E. Tackett & Son Co., Ltd., Hamilton, Ont.

—The Island team that won the tug-of-war at Caledonia Park yesterday was composed of Sergt. Boyd, anchorman, A. McKinnon, S. McKinnon, D. McKinnon, D. Nicholson, H. Lawson, S. Carter, G. Wilson, J. Cameron and W. Wilson. W. [illegible]

STORY OF OUR COMMERCE.

Annual Report of British Columbia Board of Trade Presented Yesterday.

Deals Exhaustively With Progress of Past Year and Future Prospects.

The Board Elects New Officers and Changes Formation of Council.

At the conclusion of the reading of the annual report, which is given below in full, at yesterday's meeting of the Board of Trade, the board proceeded to the election of officers. President A. C. Flumerfelt declined re-election by telegraph, and Vice-President Renouf, who was present, declined verbally. David R. Ker was then elected president, being nominated by T. B. Hall and seconded by T. M. Henderson. Gus Leiser was elected vice-president by acclamation, being the unanimous choice. F. Elworthy was re-elected secretary. It was lecided that the new council should consist of 14 members, inclusive of past presidents, and the following were elected from the board at large: T. S. Futcher, A. R. Gray, Hedley Chapman, A. H. Scaife, Joshua Davies, William Templeman, T. M. Henderson, John Piercy and E. Pearson. The board of arbitration will during 1895-96 be composed of the members of the board, exclusive of Messrs. Gray and Henderson.

The secretary's financial statement showed a total revenue for the year of $2,613.53; a financial gain during the year of $294.57; and assets of $7,872.63, with no liabilities.

The annual report is given herewith in full:

ANNUAL REPORT.

To the Members of the British Columbia Board of Trade:

Gentlemen:—We beg to submit for your consideration the Sixteenth Annual Report of the Board:

MEMBERSHIP.

Nineteen new members were elected during the period under review, the present number of active members being 161.

MEETINGS.

The regular Quarterly General Meetings of the Board held during that time have been more largely attended than in previous years. This is an unmistakable indication that interest in the business of the Board is increasing.

HARBORS.

At the outer wharf at Victoria there are about 3,000 feet of wharfage, with freight sheds measuring 2,500 feet by 60 feet wide. This is sufficient for the immediate requirements of ocean steamships and sailing vessels calling at the port. An official survey by the Dominion Government of the approaches to and along side these wharves gives a uniform depth of water at low tide of 30 feet.

The light on Behren's Island, at the entrance to Victoria inner harbor, has been changed from a stationary blue to a quick white flash light, which is more satisfactory. The usual dredging has been continued in the inner harbor and vessels having a draught of water of 14 feet can enter at lowest tides.

At Nanaimo harbor pile beacons have been erected and buoys are exhibited thereon, instead of [illegible] the buoys as formerly. The change is approved by mariners. The Dominion Government has acquired Jessie Island for lighthouse purposes; and a light will be erected to mark the entrance to Departure Bay. A fog alarm was established at "Entrance Island" in October last; the light at "Gallow's Point" has been transferred to a beacon on the south of the entrance to the harbor. The depth of water in Nanaimo Harbor is sufficient for the largest vessel afloat; and by extensive additions made this year to the wharves the docking accommodation is sufficient for the present shipping.

The light at the entrance of Bayne's Sound is not satisfactory; it is understood, however, that the Dominion Government has under consideration other aids to navigation which will meet the demands of the increasing trade of Comox.

The light and fog alarm recommended to be placed off Prospect Bluff, entrance of Burrard Inlet, is still under consideration of the Dominion Government.

Improvements in deepening the channel of Fraser river are being continued. Owing to the unusually high water in 1894 much damage was done to property on the banks of the river; new channels were cut by the freshets and old ones were more or less closed up. It is hoped that the Dominion Government will take such action as may be necessary to confine the river to its proper channel.

NAVIGATION.

In addition to the usual repairs to existing aids to navigation, pile beacons have been established, about three miles apart, on Sturgeon and Roberts banks, Gulf of Georgia. The wooden spar buoys at the entrance of Metlakahtla, and on Hodgson Reef have been replaced by steel can buoys.

The Board has again urged the immediate construction of a stone beacon, with electric light, at Fiddle reef; an iron buoy on the west side of West rock, off Sidney Spit; and a lighthouse on Portlock Point, Prevost Island. The lighthouse will be completed on September 30th next, but as no vote has been passed by Parliament this session it is improbable that the beacon and buoy here mentioned, and other much needed works previously recommended, will be proceeded with this year.

OCEAN TRADE AND MAIL SERVICE.

Trade with China and Japan shows satisfactory expansion. The three steamships of the Canadian Pacific Steamship Company find full freights and passenger lists, and the regular sailings, one ship every three weeks, have been maintained.

The vessels of the Northern Pacific Steamship Company have also been fully engaged.

The Oregon Railway & Navigation Company have inaugurated a steamship service between the Orient, Puget Sound and Portland, Oregon. These vessels call at this port on their inward and outward voyages.

The Board recommended over a year ago that mails for the Orient be despatched by the Northern Pacific Steamship Company's ships whenever a saving of time could be effected. The recommendation was adopted, but instead of such mails being dispatched from Victoria they are sent to Tacoma for shipment, and in consequence there is still a loss of at least 24 hours. The Board recommends this matter to the attention of the incoming Council.

The direct steamship service between Canada and the Australasian colonies continues, and the trade between these countries is increasing.

GRAVING DOCK.

Attention is directed to the reduced scale of charges for the use of the Graving Dock at Esquimalt, to be found in the appendices. This dock will admit vessels 480 feet long, drawing 29 feet of water.

The Marine Railway at Esquimalt is capable of hauling out vessels 320 feet long, 2,500 tons dead weight, with 22 feet draught of water.

A "Way" similar to the Marine Railway, only on a smaller scale, has recently been constructed at Victoria.

TELEGRAPHS.

No addition has been made to the telegraph system, and Vancouver Island is frequently cut off from the outside world in consequence of the only line being out of order. With the increasing trade of the Island, which customs returns show to be two-thirds of that of the whole Province, interruptions to telegraphic communication become year by year more serious, and the early construction and operation of an alternative cable to connect with the United States telegraph systems is imperative.

A cable to Australia, referred to in the last annual report, is still under the consideration of the Imperial, Dominion and Australasian Governments, with every prospect of early establishment.

The largely increased trade with China and Japan will necessitate a direct cable to those countries in the near future.

NICARAGUA CANAL.

In view of the great importance of the Nicaragua Canal to the trade and commerce of the Pacific Coast, the following information is of interest: The entire length of the canal from the Atlantic to the Pacific Ocean is 169½ miles. Of this distance, however, only 26¾ miles will have to be excavated for the channel of the canal, as the remaining 142¾ miles are in lakes, rivers, and basins, which will make part of the course. The elevation of the summit level of the canal above sea level will be 110 feet, to be attained by six locks, three near either end of the canal. The Nicaragua route will reduce the distance for a sailing ship between England and Victoria by about 7,000 miles; and between Halifax and Victoria about 10,000 miles. It is hardly possible to over estimate the value of this great saving of time and distance, and the consequent impetus it will give to the trade and commerce of this Province.

TRADE WITH JAPAN.

A Treaty of Commerce and Navigation between Great Britain and Japan was arranged in July last, securing to each of the high contracting parties "most favored nation" privileges. The treaty does not come into effect for five years from date of signature; and it provides that certain of the British possessions, including the Dominion of Canada, shall not be subject to its stipulations, unless notice of a desire that they should be party thereto be given to the Japanese Government within two years from the date of its ratification.

In view of the increasing associations of the Province and of the Dominion generally with Japan, it is desirable that the full bearing of the details of the treaty be well understood as regards its possible effects upon this Province. The subject is recommended to the consideration of the incoming Council.

RAILWAYS.

Although railway construction within the Province has been limited during the past twelve months, that which has been undertaken is of much importance to the mineral development of the Kootenay District.

The completion and operation of the Nakusp & Slocan Railroad furnishes an outlet for the silver ores of that mining section, and many thousand tons have since been shipped to the United States smelters. This road is now being extended some miles further, to reach the product of a rich group of mines situate in the heart of the Slocan country.

The Kaslo & Slocan Railroad, running from Kaslo, on Kootenay Lake, up the eastern slope of the Slocan range, is now nearly completed. This railway will furnish an easy outlet for many of the Slocan mines, from which the ore has hitherto been teamed. It also reaches some of the mines served by the Nakusp & Slocan Railroad, giving competitive transportation rates. It is expected that both of these railroads will be further extended to meet growing requirements.

Two railways will shortly be constructed to reach the gold mines at Trail Creek; one from a point on the Columbia river, to be built by the Canadian Pacific Railway Co.; the other from the United States boundary line, connecting with the Spokane & Northern Railroad.

The Crow's Nest branch of the Canadian Pacific Railroad and the British Columbia Southern Railroad are not yet commenced, but it is understood that they will shortly be proceeded with.

The operation of the railroads in Kootenay District constructed during the past three years has given the mining industries a great impetus, but the completion of the lines contemplated will greatly aid further developments.

The extension of the Esquimalt & Nanaimo Railroad on Vancouver Island has been deferred.

The projected British Pacific Railroad is a matter of much importance to the Province, and it is hoped that a proposition will be made to the Provincial Government with the view of securing its early commencement. The opening up of the country lying between the coast and the eastern boundary of the Province necessitates the building of this line, which would develop the central and northern sections, where the agricultural and pastoral resources are of immense extent.

Other proposed railways to open up various portions of the Province, for which charters have been obtained, have not been commenced, owing to the absence of required capital.

In view of the sparse population of the Province, and the large extent of its area, a liberal railway policy on the part of both Provincial and Dominion Governments is required to develop the many resources of the country, especially as without governmental aid it is impossible to induce capitalists to engage in the required undertakings, involving such extensive outlay.

During the recent session of the Provincial Legislature an act was passed which permits the constructon of tramways to mines, within certain limits, without applying for special legislation.

PUBLIC WORKS.

The Parliament buildings, mentioned in the Board's previous report, have progressed, and a general idea of the outlines of the main structure can now be obtained. The color of the stone used adds to the attractiveness of the design. The buildings will cost not less than $400,000 before they are completed.

The granite foundation of the postoffice is finished, and the upper portions of the building are being erected. A Customs House, to adjoin the Postoffice, is partly provided for in Dominion Government estimates, and it is expected that there will be no delay in commencing this much needed building. It is understood that these two buildings will cost $250,000.

A substantial building for military stores is in course of erection along side the recently constructed Drill Hall. These are the public buildings in course of erection.

The Provincial Home at Kamloops has been erected at a cost of $25,852. The cylinder pier bridge over Thompson river, at Ashcroft, will cost $11,258. Several smaller bridges were built during 1894. Existing roads were repaired and new ones made, to increase means of connection in outlying districts.

MINING.

The expectations in mining development outlined in the Board's previous report have been fully realized. The coal output during 1894 was 1,012,053 tons, the second best year on record, disposed of as follows: Exported, 827,642 tons; consumed at home, 165,779 tons; with less than two weeks' production on hand at the end of the year. Shipments were made from Nanaimo, Departure Bay and Union ports on Vancouver Island, to California, of 649,110 tons, the remainder being shipped to Washington State, U.S.A., Alaska, Petropaulovski, and to the Hawaiian Islands. The coal taken from the collieries at Union produces superior coke. At these collieries are now being erected 100 coke ovens, for the product of which there is a profitable market, both locally and in California.

Other beds of coal exist on Vancouver Island and adjacent islands, but at present they are undeveloped. Boring operations are now being carried on near Port McNeil, at the north end of Vancouver Island.

On Graham Island, Queen Charlotte group, from eight to ten miles inland from a good harbor, three beds of bituminous coal have been found to exist, one of which has been partly prospected. They range from 7½ to 10 feet in thickness and are of superior quality. Two large seams of anthracite have been also found near the east shore of Yakom lake. Analyses will be found in the appendices. The deposits have attracted the attention of capitalists and there is every prospect of this valuable coal being developed on a large scale in the near future.

Dr. Dawson, head of the Geological Department of the Dominion of Canada, has officially reported that the coal formation of Graham Island is less disturbed and older than that of Vancouver Island, and is the only one on the Coast known to contain both arthracite and bituminous coal.

The outcroppings of coal near the Crow's Nest Pass, on the Mainland of British Columbia, extend a distance of about 30 miles, and the superior quality is indicated by the analysis to be found in the appendices. This coal produces excellent coke, which will be in great demand in the mining districts. At present coke costs in Kootenay $14 per ton; but when the projected British Columbia Southern Railway is built it is expected that better coke from the Crow's Nest collieries will be supplied in Kootenay at about half present prices.

The smelter at Pilot Bay now uses about 30 tons of coke per day, but its operations are vary much retarded on account of the lack of cheaper fuel, of which, when it can be supplied, a very large quantity will be consumed. Other smelters in Kootenay are contemplated, and when in operation will also be large consumers of coke.

Exports of silver ore, from Kootenay commenced in December, 1893; the exports for six months, to May 31st, 1894, being 586,301 ounces, valued at $415,368; the shipments have increased since that date more than 100 per cent., the exports during the month of May, this year, amounting to 251,302 ounces, valued at $158,014. Some shipments from the Slocan subdivision averaged 214 ounces of silver to the ton of ore, which also contained 71½ per cent. lead. Six hundred and forty tons of ore shipped from the Nelson subdivision averaged 116 ounces of silver, 12½ per cent. of copper and $2 in gold per ton.

In the Kootenay districts 1215 mineral claims were recorded, 797 transfers made and 962 certificates of work issued in 1894.

From the smelter at Pilot Bay, which commenced operations as late as March 9th last, 1301 tons of bullion were shipped to Aurora, Illinois, U. S. A., up to June 30th ultimo.

Activity in gold mining increases and much capital has recently been invested in hydraulic workings, principally in Cariboo. The success which attended the short runs made by two companies during 1894 excited great interest. Last month a clean up after a run of 172 hours gave 66 pounds 3 ounces of gold, valued at $14,400. Several joint stock companies have been formed to prosecute gold mining on a large scale, and a great increase in the output is looked for this year.

That profitable investments may be made in the mining industries of this province may be judged from the following result of the "War Eagle" mine in West Kootenay, near the boundary line. The first cost and development work amounted to $32,500. Shipments of ore commenced on January first last, and $82,500 were paid in dividends up to June 1st ultimo. Shipments of ore during June averaged 420 tons per week at an average value of $37 per ton. The ore is mined at $9.50 per ton; freight and smelter charges amount to $14 additional per ton.

There were 97 placer claims recorded in the district of West Kootenay during the past year, and there are 36 mining leases in force.

In Yale district extensive work is being prosecuted. One hundred and forty mineral claims were recorded, 77 transfers made and 125 certificates of work issued during 1894.

Prospecting continues on Vancouver Island. Assays of ore found near Alberni gave $103 and $135 value of gold per ton, with traces of silver.

Gold mining in the Yukon is at present restricted to workings in the creeks and gulches. This country, although known to be very rich in gold, is not yet thoroughly prospected, and is very difficult of access. As soon as these difficulties are overcome it is anticipated that gold quartz mining will be prosecuted on a large scale.

The total provincial output of gold during 1894 exceeded that of each of the three previous years.

During the 12 months ending June 30, ultimo, forty mining and smelting companies were incorporated in British Columbia, to operate in precious ores, with nominal capital aggregating $24,344,000.

Development work has been continued in the Cinnabar mines in Yale district, some of the ore taken out assaying 20 per cent. of that metal.

In some of the small creeks of Barclay Sound, on the west coast of Vancouver Island, native quicksilver has been found. On the north side of this sound, rich Cinnabar ore has been discovered of similar formation to that of the Almaden mines of California. Owing to its proximity to the sea, and the local abundance of wood and water, the facilities for cheap working predict a hopeful outlook for this industry.

Rich deposits of iron ore have been found on Vancouver and smaller islands and on the coast of the mainland of British Columbia. The best known deposits are extensive and accessible, and situated mostly near good harbors, with the necessary fluxes for smelting conveniently at hand. The ore averages from 60 to 70 per cent. of iron. There is an abundance of timber for charcoal, also coal and limestone in the vicinity of the various deposits of ore. The Canadian market for iron is protected, the duty being $4 per ton, and there is a Dominion government bounty of $2 per ton on all pig iron manufactured in Canada from Canadian ore. These conditions, together with the availability of the United States, China, Japan and Australasian markets, with established steamship lines thereto, should be sufficient inducements to warrant capitalists in operating iron works in this province.

The Glen iron mine, at Cherry Creek, Yale district, has a contract to supply the smelter at Tacoma, Wash. This iron ore contains almost sufficient gold to pay the cost of transportation from the mine to the smelter.

It is expected that with the revival of trade the several varieties of excellent building stone and white and gray marble, in which this province abounds, will be in greater demand; and that more attention will be given to our cement materials and pottery clays.

At the recent session of the legislature an act was passed for promoting the provincial mining industry by the establishment of a Government Bureau of Mines. The collection of general mining information, specimens of ore, assays, and lectures are provided for, and the information will be tabulated and published from time to time.

FISHERIES.

The total salmon pack during 1894 was 404,371 cases, valued at $2,592,714.

The Dominion Inspector of Fisheries for British Columbia, in his report for that year states that "it is gratifying to note that the rivers of the province, especially the Fraser, show no signs of depletion, or of being overfished, being in this respect unique amongst the great salmon rivers of the Pacific coast, if not of the world."

In December last, Hon. Sir Charles H. Tupper, then Minister of Marine and Fisheries, visited British Columbia, and the canners had conferences with him, but unfortunately Sir Charles had to leave for Ottawa immediately upon receipt of the news of the sudden and regretted death of Hon. Sir John Thompson, late Premier of Canada, and the conferences were abruptly terminated before the complaints of the canners had been fully considered. However, the Department of Marine and Fisheries has since made reasonable concessions on lines desired by the canners, and their operations are now much less restricted than they had previously been, whilst the present regulations afford protection to the fish.

Professor E. E. Prince is now en route to this coast to act on a joint Canadian and American commission to consider International Fisheries questions, as well as the wasteful slaughter of fish at Point Roberts, in United States Territory, by trap, seine and other destructive methods of fishing, which if not stopped will surely very much deplete the run of salmon in Fraser river.

The salmon exported during 1894 realized low figures, but the market is now firmer and prices have advanced.

DEEP SEA FISHERIES.

Our deep sea fisheries have received greater attention during the past year, and halibut fishing is now established on a firm basis. This industry is being conducted in a vigorous and systematic manner, and gives promise of becoming of great value to the province and profitable to its promoters. The shipments to Boston and New York were made by three companies during the months of September to April last. The fish was packed in ice but not frozen, and reached its destination in good condition.

In previous reports the Board has directed attention to the need of proper surveys of the halibut banks, but the Dominion Government has not yet taken action in the matter.

FUR SEAL FISHERIES.

The Fur Seal industry is yearly becoming of more importance to the province, and especially to Victoria. During 1894 53 vessels, averaging 66 tons each, sailed from this port, giving employment to crews numbering 867 whites and 518 Indians. Although the catch was large, amounting to 94,474 skins, the ruling low prices gave results generally unprofitable to the owners of the sealing schooners. The detailed statement of the catch by schooners, which will be found in the appendices, is of more than ordinary interest, it being the record of the first year of the industry under the restrictions imposed by the Paris Tribunal.

The refusal of the Congress and Senate of the United States to confirm the agreement between the Governments of the United States and Great Britain for the payment of $425,000 as compensation for the Behring Sea seizures, which sum is less by nearly $200,000 than the amount claimed, has indefinitely delayed the final settlement of these claims, greatly to the loss of the claimants.

No definite information has been obtained regarding the claims for losses occasioned by exclusion from sealing in Behring Sea during the seasons of 1891, 1892 and 1893. It is hoped that these claims will jointly with the seizure claims occupy the attention of the two Governments in the negotiations now taking place.

Her Majesty's Government has decided not to renew the agreement with the United States respecting sealing up of arms and implements.

The provisional agreement with Russia provides a protective zone of thirty miles around the Komandorsky Islands in the North Pacific Ocean and Tulenew Island (or Robben Reef) in the Okhotsk Sea, as well as a protective zone of ten miles along the shores of the Russian mainland, therefore all sealing vessels found during the present season within the above mentioned limits will be liable to seizure by Her Majesty's ships or those of the Imperial Russian government.

During the closing days of the Rosebery ministry, only a week since, Her Majesty's Imperial Parliament passed an act for the regulation of sealing in Behring Sea; the terms, however, are not sufficiently known here to forecast the effect upon our sealing industry.

The sealers have this season experienced very rough weather, involving considerable loss of life and property both on this coast and in Japanese waters; the catch of the coasts of this province being about half that taken last year, and the Japan catch is much reduced compared with that of 1894. The short catch has probably affected the seal skin market, for prices have advanced.

LUMBER.

The forest lands of this province are very extensive, and the quality of the timber is probably not surpassed by any country in the world; 524,573 acres leased to mill owners are estimated to contain at least 20,000 feet of timber per acre. During 1894 13,730,764 feet were taken from these leased lands, which, together with the timber taken from crown lands, timber limits, and private property, made the total of timber cut during that year 67,499,277 feet. The

WALTER BAKER & CO.
The Largest Manufacturers of
PURE, HIGH GRADE
COCOAS and CHOCOLATES
On this Continent, have received
HIGHEST AWARDS
from the great
Industrial and Food
EXPOSITIONS
IN EUROPE AND AMERICA.

Caution: In view of the many imitations of the labels and trademarks on our goods, purchasers should look carefully that the name of WALTER BAKER & CO. appears on the wrapper, and that the trade mark, a picture of a native girl, is printed on each package.
SOLD BY GROCERS EVERYWHERE.
WALTER BAKER & CO., DORCHESTER, MASS.

Pants! Pants! All Wool Tweed Pants, $1.50, $175, $2.00. Large Consignment just to hand. **B. Williams & Co.,** Clothiers and Hatters. 97 Johnson St.

exports during the same period were 46,490,000 feet.

The export trade has since largely increased and it is worthy of note that the demand is not confined to any particular market; keen competition, however, has much reduced the price, which has of late been scarcely remunerative.

The high grade of British Columbia lumber is well established abroad, and it is to be regretted that the recommendation contained in the Board's previous report, that the lumber for export should be graded to standard specifications, has not been carried out. Such specific grading would protect our mill men and simplify the work of purchasers when placing orders. This matter is an all important one, and the owners of mills should in their own interests give it their early attention.

INDUSTRIAL ESTABLISHMENTS.

The principal new industry started since the Board's previous report is the smelter at Pilot Bay, West Kootenay. This smelter is equipped with machinery of the most modern type, a battery of boilers of 200 horse power, smelter stacks capable of handling one hundred tons of ore daily, sampling works with a capacity of 150 tons per day, and concentrators of like capacity; it is intended to erect a refinery in connection therewith as soon as cheap fuel can be obtained, when it is contemplated to enlarge the works.

In this district there is an almost inexhaustible supply of ore for the enterprise, and it is probable that other smelters will be operated there very soon. The completion of of the contemplated smelters will be of great benefit to the province, as they will reduce, if not entirely stop, the exportation of ore; and also admit the mining of much low grade ore that cannot now be profitably worked on account of transportation charges to distant foreign smelters.

The paint works which commenced operation at Victoria about two years ago already control a considerable portion of the Provincial trade.

The Chemical Works established in the same city in 1893 are fully employed in filling orders received in the Province and from the United States. The promoters of this industry are to be congratulated upon their success, they having commenced their operations at a time when some persons who professed to know predicted failure.

The Cold Storage plants at Vancouver and Victoria are availed of, and the future of these industries, new to the province, is hopeful. The establishment of Halibut fishing is to some extent attributable to the Cold Storage plant for the supply of ice used in transporting the fish to the Atlantic coast.

The prospects of the other industrial establishments operating in the province, which suffered more or less from the depression of the last few years, are improved; the prices of lumber, salmon, and seal skins have recently advanced, and it is expected that a similar rise in the value of other products will follow.

AGRICULTURE.

Reports from the agricultural districts throughout the province are encouraging. In the Okanagan and Spallumcheen districts an abundant harvest is expected, and prospects in the sections west of the Cascades, on the Mainland, Vancouver Island and the smaller adjacent islands are equally promising. It is probable that the crops of oats, hay and potatoes will this season meet the Provincial requirements. The area under cultivation in 1895 exceeds that of previous years.

During the fiscal year ending June 30, 1894, 60,642 bushels of wheat were imported into the province, on which duty was paid, $19,096.32; and a large quantity was received from the Northwest; it is expected that this year's harvest will cause a reduction in the imports of wheat.

Fruit is in good demand, and large quantities are being produced, preserved and canned; they find a ready sale.

The area under hops has largely increased. The "Kentish" hops grown in British Columbia are favorably known in the London market. Samples sent to Sydney, N. S. W., were pronounced to be equal in value to good English hops, and worth 3 to 4 cents per pound more than hops grown in California.

More attention has been given to dairy farming, but with the view of further stimulating this industry, the Board has urged the Dominion Government to extend to British Columbia aid similar to that granted to other provinces in the establishment of co-operative dairies, which have proved a success and of great benefit to the agriculturist wherever inaugurated. The Board has also urged that the Provincial Government should bonus, by a specific amount per pound, for a limited number of years, the output of such co-operative dairies. At the recent session of the Provincial Legislature an act was passed for the incorporation of Cheese and Butter Associations, under which five or more persons may associate themselves together for the purpose of manufacturing these articles.

It is expected that Professor Robertson, Dominion Government Dairy Commissioner, will visit British Columbia this summer, for the purpose of delivering a series of lectures and instructing the farmers in the most improved methods of dairying.

SURVEYS.

The extensive surveys of Crown lands prosecuted during the years 1891-3 have approximately met the requirements of intending settlers, consequently during last summer surveys were restricted to subdividing some of the Government reserves into holdings of from 5 to 8 acres each, and in continuing the photo-topographic survey of West Kootenay; which latter survey is at present being further prosecuted.

The small holdings are conveniently near the cities, and it is expected that an appreciably increased supply of garden produce will soon result therefrom. Leases have been issued for the majority of these holdings.

The sum of $25,000 has been placed in the estimates for surveys to be made this year. The principal works will be in the Chilcotin district, where a party of surveyors is seeking the best outlets on the east and on the west, and in ascertaining the amount of arable land along the route. Another party is subdividing into 40 acre blocks Crown lands on the west coast of Vancouver Island.

Full particulars are furnished at the Government Land Office, Victoria, concerning the available lands of the Province, and maps may be obtained free of charge on application.

The Surveyor-General in his report for 1894, directs attention to some rich specimens of magnitite, hematite, and specimens of coal, procured near Nootka Sound, and recommends that the geological examination of the west coast of Vancouver island should be undertaken and carried out as was that of the east coast, which was completed years ago.

IMMIGRATION.

The labor market is fully supplied in its professional, mercantile, mechanical and laboring branches, and it is unwise for immigrants, unless provided with means, to seek the Pacific coast expecting to get immediate employment. The mining districts of this Province, however, offer a great and almost unlimited field to the prospecting miner, as the precious metals abound from the southern boundary to its most northern limits. An annual certificate costing $5.00 allows a prospecting miner, of whatever nationality, to take up 50 acres of mineral lands. Many United States miners during the past two years have availed themselves of the privilege and have realized by sales to capitalists from $2,000 to $30,000 for their individual discoveries. For the agriculturist, too, with small capital, there are many openings; and domestic servants can find situations at good wages.

COLONIZATION.

The colony at Bella Coola, situated just north of the 52nd degree of latitude, on the mainland of the Province, now numbers 300 souls, and is proving a great success. The settlement is on fertile soil, and the climate being good, mixed farming can be profitably engaged in.

Attention is directed to the report of the Honorable Colonel Baker, Minister of Immigration, which has been kindly furnished at the request of the Board, and can be found in the appendices. It contains much valuable information in reference to the establishment of industrial colonies in British Columbia.

EDUCATION.

The Board has not hitherto referred to the question of Education in the Province, but inasmuch as there are few matters of greater importance, it is thought well to give the following particulars, which will doubtless be read with interest.

185 schools were in operation in British Columbia during 1894; with 12,613 pupils enrolled. The total expenditure on education was $169,050.18, an average of $13.40 per pupil enrolled, or $21.71, if based on the actual daily attendance.

Education is free in this Province and is provided as follows: Any settlement containing not less than fifteen children between the age of 6 and 16 years may be created a School district by the Council of Public Instruction, who have power to set apart in such district a quantity of waste Crown lands, and, with the sanction of the Lieut-Governor, to provide a teacher and a suitable building for school purposes.

In some of the smaller settlements a teacher is provided by the Government.

In the appendices will be found statistics showing the growth of the public schools in the Province.

THIRD CONGRESS OF CHAMBERS OF COMMERCE OF THE EMPIRE.

The Board has received an invitation from the London Chamber of Commerce to appoint a delegate to the Third Congress of Chambers of Commerce of the Empire, to be held in London in June, 1896. The invitation has been accepted, but a delegate has not yet been appointed.

VISIT OF HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR-GENERAL.

On the occasion of the visit to this City of Lord Aberdeen, Governor-General of Canada, His Excellency was presented with an address by your Board, a copy of which, together with His Excellency's reply, will be found in the appendices.

TRADE AND OUTLOOK.

Commercial depression has been felt in British Columbia in common with nearly every part of the world, though in a lesser degree than in some of the older countries. There are, however, signs of a speedy revival, in sympathy with the United States and Eastern Canada, where steady and marked improvement has been noticable for some time past.

One good effect of the temporary embarrassment has been the greater concentration of effort on legitimate enterprises, and general curtailment of the "credit" system. The outlook for largely increased trade and commerce has never in the history of the Province been more promising.

The exports during nearly a quarter of a century have increased year by year, with almost unbroken regularity and the figures attained during the past twelve months are the highest in the experience of British Columbia. The imports too, which during 1893-4 showed a falling off, have recently augmented.

While our imports swell the volume of trade and indicate to some extent the measure of internal expansion, it will be seen that they include many items which should be produced by ourselves, and involve a contribution to the Dominion Treasury out of proportion to the amount received therefrom for public purposes.

The increased area under cultivation and the excellent prospects of good crops will this year leave less ground for complaint as far as agricultural products are concerned, but the supply will not meet the ever increasing demand until a greater area of farming lands are in use and railway communication gives direct connection between the coast and the various mining camps and the agricultural sections of the interior.

The advance in the price of fish and the revival of the lumber trade, together with the inestimable wealth of minerals now apparently on the eve of realization, have only to be approximately estimated to attract to British Columbia the capital necessary for the further and effectual development of its resources.

In regard to the position of the Board, it will be found that the membership has been sustained, and the greater interest now taken in its proceedings indicates that increased usefulness may be expected.

All of which is respectfully submitted.

Signed on behalf of the British Columbia Board of Trade this 1st day of July, 1895.

A. C. FLUMERFELT,
President.
C. E. RENOUF,
Vice-President.
F. ELWORTHY,
Secretary.

The following letter on immigration matters from Minister Baker was read:

Provincial Secretary's Office,
Victoria, B.C., July 2nd, 1895.

For the information of the British Columbia Board of Trade on the subject of Immigration I may mention that although the Government discourages, as far as possible, the entry into the Province of pauper immigrants, it gives every facility for the establishment of Colonies of settlers possessed of sufficient means to develop their small farms.

There are numerous localities in the Province admirably adapted for the settlement of Colonies with profit to the settlers, while individuals sparsely scattered over the same localities could not make a living on account of having no easy access to a market.

When the Colonies are established along the sea coast it is worth while for a steamship to call periodically to pick up the produce and carry it to either Victoria, Vancouver, New Westminster or Nanaimo where it finds a ready market.

The very fact of immigrants being settled in Colonies gives increased value to their lands and they obtain the advantages of schools, churches, roads, etc., which they otherwise would not have, probably for many years.

The extent of the market for farm produce may be imagined when it is stated that the people of British Columbia import three-fourths of the food they consume.

Colonies have already been established with great success at Bella Coola on the Mainland coast and at Quatsino Sound on the north of Vancouver Island.

The plan adopted is for the intending Colonists to first communicate with me by letter as Minister of Immigration in order to find out what locality is open for settlement, then to select one or more of their number, in whom they have confidence, to go and look at the ground and to give him or them written authority duly attested that he or they, as the case may be, are authorized to act on behalf of the Colonists in dealing with the Government. The delegates have to produce to the Minister of Immigration a written acceptance from at least thirty Colonists that they are ready to accept the terms of the Government as contained in the accompanying agreement.

On this being done the Government sends a surveyor with the delegates to lay out the lands. When that is finished the settlers come in and the Government employs them at wages to build a road through their settlement.

It will be seen that the Government makes a free grant of the land on condition of its development and that it also makes roads and provides schools, but it gives no grant of money, either for travelling expenses or any other purpose not mentioned in the agreement. In fact the settlers are expected to have means of their own and will not be nursed in any way. Certain localities are now being surveyed for settlement and will be ready for location next autumn or in the spring of next year.

The Colonies on the coast have the advantage of the fishing industry as one of their occupations. It may be stated that the lands are rich, but usually covered with timber, sometimes of heavy description, while in many places the alder land is easily cleared and is the richest description of soil. Water power for mills is generally available. The farming consists of dairying and the growing of grain, roots and fruit, and in suitable localities, hops.

JAMES BAKER,
Minister of Immigration.

How to Get "Sunlight" Books.

Send 12 "Sunlight" Soap wrappers to Lever Bros., Ltd., 43 Scott st., Toronto, who will send post-paid a paper-bound book, 160 pages. For 6 "Lifebuoy" Carbolic Soap wrappers, a similar book will be sent. This is a special opportunity to obtain good reading. Send your name and address written carefully. Remember "Sunlight" sells at six cents per twin-bar, and "Lifebuoy" at 10 cents. One cent postage will bring your wrappers back by return mail.

All seeking recreation by Lake, River or Mountain
Should supply themselves with
Johnston's Fluid Beef,

Which will materially assist in restoring exhausted vitality.
Convenient for Camping-out parties.
In small compass supplying good Meat diet.

FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL

Commercial Agencies' Reports for the Week Show Continued Improvement.

Great Increase in Bank Clearances —Reduction in Number of Assignments.

New York, July 13.—R. G. Dun & Co.'s weekly review of trade says: Clearing house exchanges for two weeks have been 35 per cent. larger than last year and six per cent. larger than in 1892. The week has been notable for a fall in wheat of 5 cents in two days, followed by a recovery of five cents. The sudden drop in prices was the result of speculation rather than commercial influences, though exports are not half as large as last year; 2,697,045 bushels, flour included, from Atlantic ports for the two weeks of July, against 4,227,915 last year. The latest news indicates an enormous crop of corn, much the largest ever grown, if weather favors, but the price is only 3-4 lower than a week ago. Cotton has not changed, though speculation still turns wholly on prospects, regardless of enormous stocks carried over. In Europe manufacture lags, but here it is satisfactory. The weekly output of pig iron was 171,184 tons, having risen 13,970 tons in June, and other furnaces have gone into operation since July fourth. Copper and lead advanced slightly but tin reports a small decrease. Wool is still advancing with enormous sales, 12,714,000 pounds for the week and in two weeks of July 26,497,614 pounds, against 11,966,550 in the same weeks of 1892. It is not the season for activity in boots and shoes, and orders have fallen off, but shipments in July have been 191,170 cases, against 167,325 in 1892, and prices of shoes leather and hides are stiff as ever.

Failures this week have been 253 in the United States, against 247 last year, and 39 in Canada, against 49 last year.

Bradstreets reports the total bank clearings for the week at eighty-four principal cities of the United States as $1,146,222,000, an increase over last year of 25.5 per cent. Outside of New York city the clearings were $508,104,073, an increase of 19 per cent. For the Dominion of Canada the clearings were: Montreal, $19,296,846, increase 42.0; Toronto, $6,065,205, increase 1.6; Halifax, $1,437,285; decrease 12.8; Winnipeg, $905,808; increase 4.1; Hamilton, $813,524, increase 22.6; total, $29,086,768; increase 21.9.

On the Pacific coast trade conditions continue favorable. Extensive wheat engagements at San Francisco leave that port bare of tonnage. Portland, Oregon, reports prospects of a good fall trade and an improvement in the salmon catch. Washington crop reports are encouraging and there are thirteen ships loading with lumber at Tacoma. At Seattle there is a notable increase in mill operations and cargo shipments. The usual summer season of dullness is reported from Montreal. At Quebec business is slightly more active. Toronto wholesale business is without feature and the crop outlook is less encouraging. There is only a fair business doing at Halifax and collections are on an average for the season. There are thirty business failures reported from the Dominion of Canada, contrasted with twenty five last week, thirty-four a year ago, and twenty-six in the same week two years ago.

Bank clearings at Winnipeg, Montreal, Toronto and Halifax have jumped ahead, surprisingly this week.

Wall Street, N.Y., July 13.—It was perhaps fortunate for the bull contingent on the stock market yesterday that the announcement of an engagement of $250,000 of gold for shipment to London to-morrow was not made until after the close of the business on the exchange. Had it been known that the first break in the lines of the bond syndicate was about to be made there would undoubtedly have been a flurry of the board in which values might have suffered severely. The amount of gold to be exported is so trifling that it seems important only by reason of the fact of its being the first gold shipment since the bond syndicate entered into its contract with the government to use its best endeavors to prevent the exportation of gold to Europe between the date of the contract and the first of October. The members of the syndicate decline to express any opinion on the subject and apparently look on it as an incident of no special import. Share speculation was irregular and unsettled throughout the day, the industrial stocks being most prominent in the trading and showing most pressure. There was at times good buying of the railway group and some of these shares shows gains on the day. During the second hour of business a steadier tone prevailed, although some of the leading industrials made slight recessions toward midday and the bulls rallied to the support of the market. Improvement continued until near one o'clock, when a drive was made against sugar, which yielded 1 5-8 per cent., the general list giving way a fraction. An upward turn was then made under the leadership of Chicago gas, which rose 2 per cent. Canadian Pacific jumped 2 5-8 to 69 on cash sales, and fell off to 59 regular. Closing prices of principal stocks: Atchison, 10 1-4; Canadian Pacific, 57 5-8; Northern Pacific, 4 1-8. Sterling exchange, 60 days, 4.89 1-2; do demand, 4.90 1-2; money, 1; C. P. R. in London, 57 3-4; C. P. R. in Montreal, 56 1-2.

Everywhere We Go

We find some one who has been cured by Hood's Sarsaparilla, and people on all hands are praising this great medicine for what it has done for them and their friends. Taken in time Hood's Sarsaparilla prevents serious illness, by keeping the blood pure and all the organs in a healthy condition. It is the great blood purifier.

HOOD'S PILLS become the favorite cathartic with every one who tries them. 25c.

MUNICIPAL.

NOTICE

Pandora street between Douglas and Blanchard street is closed to public traffic.

E. A. WILMOT,
City Engineer.

July 9, 1895.

$10 REWARD.

The above mentioned reward is hereby offered for such information as will lead to the conviction of any person or persons breaking the glass of the window of any unoccupied house or other, in the City of Victoria, or damaging in any way any portion thereof, or of the premises appertaining thereto, or removing therefrom any article belonging to the said premises, or defacing injuring or destroying any street sign or other property belonging to the Corporation of the City of Victoria.

By order,

WELLINGTON J. DOWLER,
C.M.C.

Victoria, B.C., March 20th, 1895.

Notice to Water Consumers.

The attention of consumers of water supplied from the City Water Works is hereby drawn to Sections 12, 20, and 23 of The Water Works Regulation By-Law, 1894, which provides that from the 15th day of April to the 15th day of September, both inclusive, in each year, no consumer of water of the said water works shall use such water for irrigating except on the respective days hereinafter mentioned, namely:

In the North Ward on Mondays and Thursdays.
In the Central Ward on Tuesdays and Fridays.
In the South Ward on Wednesdays and Saturdays.

If water is used for watering lawns or gardens at other than the time hereinbefore mentioned the water will be turned off, and there shall be charged in addition to ordinary rates the sum of fifty cents for each infraction.

The above penalties will be strictly enforced.

JAS. L. RAYMUR,
Water Commissioner.

Water Commissioner's Office,
14th May, 1895. m17

Notice in Respect to Thistles.

The attention of persons interested is hereby drawn to sections 3 and 5 of the Consolidated Thistle By-Law, which read as follows, viz.:

"3. Every owner, lessee, tenant, occupier, or agent for the owner or lessee, of any land, shall cut or cause to be cut down, all thistles growing upon such land before such thistles have gone to seed or come to flower."

"4. Every person convicted of an infraction of the by-law shall forfeit and pay a penalty not exceeding twenty dollars."

The said persons are also respectfully informed that this is the only notification they will receive in regard to this matter.

By order,
WELLINGTON J. DOWLER,
C. M. C.

Victoria, B. C., June, 25th, 1895.

PENNYROYAL WAFERS.

A specific monthly medicine for ladies to restore and regulate the menses, producing free, healthy and painless discharge. No aches or pains on approach. Now used by over 10,000 ladies. Unscrupulous will try to sell you imitations of these organs. Buy of your druggist only those with our signature across face of label. Avoid substitutes. Sealed particulars mailed to stamp. $1.25 per box. Address, EUREKA CHEMICAL WORKS, DETROIT, MICH.

GREAT ENGLISH PRESCRIPTION.
A SUCCESSFUL MEDICINE OF 35 YEARS USE. Has cured thousands of cases of Nervous Prostration, Weakness of Body, Brain, Nerves, Memory, Dizziness and all diseases caused by abuse or excess in youth. Six boxes cure most all. One box will cure most all. One box $1.00, six boxes, $5.00. Manufactured by EUREKA CHEMICAL CO., Detroit, Mich. Sold and sent anywhere by mail in advance. ANDREW & CO., Victoria, B.C.

GILT EDGE CREAMERY BUTTER.

Eastern Pork & Provision Store,
NO. 13, CITY MARKET.
Having made arrangements with one of the best Creameries to handle their butter, have now on hand a choice lot in small tubs for family use. Prices low.
Good Dairy Butter, ...10c., 15c., 20c.
Eggs .....12 1-2c., 15c., 20c.

Music
Re-written, Transposed, Arranged and Composed for Cornet, Piano, any Instrument or combination of instruments.
E. Mackie, Victoria.

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—Latest U. S. Gov't Report

Royal Baking Powder

ABSOLUTELY PURE

IN THE SPORTING WORLD.

Canadians at Bisley—Tennis at Niagara—Big Wheel Meet at Asbury Park.

Lacrosse at Ottawa and Montreal—Yachting Notes—Miscellaneous Sports.

THE WHEEL.

ASBURY PARK HEATS.

Asbury Park, July 13.—The track was good this morning. In the two-third mile for 2.35 class men the first heat was won by Hunter, New Jersey, time, 2.07 2-5; second heat, Leatherbury, Baltimore, time, 1.48; in the third heat none of the contestants qualified; fourth heat, Ertz, New York, time, 1.43; fifth heat, Egelhoff, Brooklyn, 1.48 4-5; none qualified in the sixth heat; seventh heat, Paige, Brooklyn, 1.49 2-5; eighth heat none qualified.

One mile open with pacemakers, class B, time limit 2.35, first and second men qualified for the finals. First heat today, Harley Davidson, Toronto, 1st; Frank J. Jenny, Utica, 2nd. Time, 2.26 3-5. Second heat, A. D. Kennedy, Chicago, 1st; E. C. Johnson, Cleveland, 2nd. Time, 2.33 3-5. Third heat, Ray McDonald, New York, 1st; J. Fred Barry, Syracuse, 2nd. Time, 2.28. Fourth heat, C. R. Coulter, Toledo, 1st; Arthur Gardiner, Chicago, 2nd. Time, 2.22 2-5.

One mile open, class A, time limit, 2.45; first man in each heat to qualify for the final. First heat, Bert Ripley, Newark, 1st; F. C. Averitt, Hackensack, 2nd. Time, 2.34 4-5. Second heat, C. L. Leatherbury, Baltimore, 1st; G. Bundenhill, 2nd. Time, 2.33. Third heat, Ray Dawson, N.Y.A.C., and Fred Foell, Buffalo, rode a dead heat. R. J. Stone, a colored man known as the "dark secret," of Brooklyn, rode in this race, but he was distanced in the last lap and eased up. He is the first colored rider who has taken part in a race during this meet. Fourth heat, Tom Butler, Cambridgeport, 1st; W. A. Barbou, New York, 2nd; Noone qualified. Time, 2.25. Fifth heat, Ertz, New York, 1st; Wallace H. Owen, Greenwich, 2nd. Time, 2.38 4-5. Sixth heat, H. E. Caldwell, Manchester, 1st; E. W. Murray, Syracuse, 2nd. Time, 2.45 4-5. This time was allowed to stand.

Seventh heat—W. G. Douglass, N. Y. A. C., 1st; G. W. Krick, Reading, 2nd; time, 2.33. Eighth heat—Frank D. White, Liberty, Pa., 1st; L. G. Hopp, Liberty, Pa., 2nd; time, 2.41 3-5. Ninth heat—J. M. Baldwin, Paterson, 1st; H. J. Roe, 2nd; time, 2.31. Tenth heat—H. P. Mosher, Harlem, 1st; W. E. Tenselor, Rockville, 2nd; time, 2.37. The winner in the nine trial heats of the quarter mile national championship, class A, were Frank J. Jenny, Utica; Charles Murphy, Brooklyn; A. W. Porter, Waltham; M. F. Dirnberger, Buffalo; Ray McDonald, New York; S. D. Kennedy, Chicago; Charles L. Earle, New York; Otto Zeigler, San Jose, Cal.; E. C. Bald, Buffalo.

After the races are over this evening, F. J. Titus, of New York, will try to beat the record for an hour's riding. At 2.35 the men who qualified this afternoon in the first race raced in the final. Results, two-thirds mile, 2.35 class: Time limit 1.50: Charles M. Ertz, New York, 1st; U. S. Paige, Brooklyn, 2nd; Louis Hunter, N. J. A. C., 3rd. Time, 1.50.

One mile open, with pacemakers, class B, time limit 2.35: C. Coulter, Toledo, 1st; A. D. Kennedy, Chicago, 2nd; J. Fred Barry, Syracuse, 3rd. Time, 2.08.

One mile open, class A, time limit 2.45, final heat: C. L. Leatherbury, Baltimore, 1st; N. E. Caldwell, Manchester, 2nd; W. C. Douglass, N. Y. A. C., 3rd. Time, 2.11 3-5.

LAWN TENNIS.

THE TOURNAMENT.

Queen's Royal, Niagara-on-the-Lake, Ont., July 12.—The final round of the Canadian championship took place here to-day between W. A. Larned, of Summit, N. J., and A. D. Foote, Yale. The match was played in a high wind, which rendered driving somewhat ineffectual and lobbying almost impossible. Foote's usual game of slow hitting and high tossing was at peculiar disadvantage under these condition and he lost to Larned in three straight sets by a score of 6-1, 6-4, 6-2. The latter exceeded in cross court playing and passed Foote continually at the net. His pace was too fast for Foote, who contented himself with blocking the ball back and waiting for an opportunity to smash it. He did very little hammering and was out-played from the start. The feature of the afternoon was the final match in the doubles between Fischer and Parker and Foote and Larned. It proved the most exciting tennis the tournament has yet seen and five sets were needed to decide the winners. Foote and Larned held the advantage two sets to one, when the opposing team developed magnificent speed and ran the match out in two brilliant sets. To-morrow Larned will challenge R. P. W. Matthews, of the Toronto tennis club, who is the present holder of the Canadian championship cup, and Mrs. Sidney Smith, the winner of yesterday's finals in the ladies' singles will meet Miss Maud Osborne, of Montreal, for the ladies' championship.

YACHTING.

YACHTING COMMENTS.

London, July 13.—The Field continues the discussion of the Henley regatta. It blames Umpire Willan for not recalling Cornell at the palpably false start.

In an article discussing the alleged improvements in the Vigilant and the possibility that she will defeat the Defender, the Field raises the question whether the clause providing that a substituted vessel must be of the same dimensions as the original applies to the cup-defender as well as the challenger. If so it would prevent the Vigilant being chosen in preference to the Defender, but it would probably be claimed that the clause does not apply to the defending yachts, as the New York yacht club has always had a free hand in choosing the defender up to within a few hours of the commencement of the races.

Both the Cornell and Argonaut crews left Henley to-day. The Canadians were certainly the most popular of all the visiting oarsmen, and they were feted at all the Henley clubs before their departure. The Dutch crew of the Nereus rowing club, of Amsterdam, also left Henley to-day. They will compete for the Grand Challenge Cup in 1896.

Hunter's Quay, July 13.—The Allsa and Britannia started this morning in a race over a 50 mile course from Wemyss Bay, under the auspices of the Royal Western yacht club of Scotland. A moderate southwest breeze was blowing and the Allsa soon had a good lead. The yachts finished the first round in the following time: Allsa, 1.05.37; Britannia, 1.06.04. The Britannia won finishing in 5.04.22. Allsa's time was 5.12.05.

In the race for the 20-raters to-day Mr. Howard Gould's Niagara beat the Eucharist, Zeinta and Dakotah.

Bristol, R.I., July 13.—The workmen have practically completed their labors on the Defender and she is ready to sail for Newport this afternoon in company with the Vigilant. The Defender will go under easy sail, and on Sunday she will be given a test with the Vigilant off Newport.

THE RING.

CORBETT-FITZSIMMONS.

Austin, Tex., July 13.—Attorney-General Crane, in an opinion which will be sent to County-Attorney Gillespie at Dallas, Texas, to-night or Monday, will hold that the Corbett-Fitzsimmons fight is illegal, and that the law must be enforced until it is declared void or inoperative by the supreme court.

THE RIFLE.

CONTEST AT BISLEY.

London, July 13.—In the Prince of Wales' competition at Bisley to-day the following were the scores at 200 yards by the Canadian riflemen: Armstrong, 45; Simpson, 45; Boville, 43; Trick, 41; Norris, 41; Spearing, 41; Wynne, 41; Mitchell, 41; Rolston, 40; Nutting, 38.

LACROSSE.

SHAMROCKS V. TORONTO.

Montreal, July 13.—First game, Shamrocks, 45 seconds; second game, Shamrocks, 5 minutes; third game, Toronto, 12 minutes; fourth, Toronto, 4 minutes; fifth, Shamrocks, 2 minutes; sixth, Shamrocks, 10 minutes 30 seconds; seventh, Shamrocks, 3½ minutes; eighth, Shamrocks, 11¼ minutes.

MONTREAL V. CAPITALS.

Ottawa, July 13.—First game, Capitals, 3 minutes; second game, Capitals, 4 minutes; third game, Capitals, 17 minutes; fourth, Capitals, 30 seconds; fifth, Capitals, 11 minutes; sixth, Capitals, 3 minutes 30 seconds; seventh, Capitals, 2 minutes; eighth, Capitals, 7 minutes.

MISCELLANEOUS.

The Maple Leaf baseball team was defeated by the Port Angeles team yesterday by 24 to 20. It took ten innings to decide the match.

All the entries for the Northwest regatta, to be held next Friday and Saturday, are expected to be in by Monday evening.

LAW INTELLIGENCE.

Appeal of the Yorkshire Guarantee Co. re Tax on Mortgages.

The full court, consisting of Justices Crease, McCreight and Drake, are today hearing the appeal of the Yorkshire Guarantee Company against the decision of the court of revision at New Westminster. The appeal is from the provincial tax on mortgages. The chief grounds of appeal are (1) that the company is entitled to deduct from the amount for which it is assessed the amount borrowed by it upon the collateral security of the pledge of mortgages which it holds, and (2) that so much of the tax upon personal property as renders mortgages liable to taxation is unconstitutional, by reason of the same being an indirect tax and the province under the British North America Act is only entitled to levy direct taxation within the province in order to raise a revenue for provincial purposes. Section 3 of the Taxes on Property Act says: "All land and personal property and income in the province of British Columbia shall be liable to taxation, subject to certain exceptions, and the interpretation clauses of the act includes under the term personal property, 'all income, goods, chattels, shares in incorporated companies, mortgages, etc.'" E. P. Davis, Q. C., counsel for the appellants, finished his argument last night and Attorney-General Eberts is addressing the court to-day.

STORIES OF MONTE CARLO.

Gathered By a Man Who Spent Twenty Seasons There.

But who should this be sipping some iced vermooth at the marble table but an old friend whom I will call Mr. Spectator? He lives at Monte Carlo; he has passed a score of seasons there; he has plenty of money; he goes to the Casino every day and every evening, and he never plays a cent. It is his occupation in life to be an observer of things and to mark the ways of man and womankind. In the summer he will mark them at Aix-les-Baines, at Lausanne, or at Trouville. He knows everything about what is going on on just now at "Monty;" what Russian princess pawned her diamonds last week, and what Cuban sugar planter did not die of apoplexy at the Hotel Carmbole but poisoned himself with prussic acid. "He was a fool, sir," quoth Mr. Spectator. "Why didn't he go to the administration? They knew well enough that he had lost 200,000 francs in the course of ten days. They would have paid his traveling and hotel expenses back to Paris, or back to Brazil for the matter of that. He was a fool, sir."

Mr. Spectator went on to explain that when a cleaned out player made a candid admission of his impecuniosity the administration gave him a sum of money sufficient to defray his journey by rail to the place whence he came and his incidental expenses en route.

One of the pleasantest characteristics of my friend Mr. Spectator is that every time you meet him he has a fresh story to tell you about an infallible system for winning at roulette, and this time he regaled me with a succinct narrative of what I may call the "Wellington boot system." Captain Backum had played for many years a large number of systems, and by the time he was 45 he had played away a handsome fortune. A happy thought occurred to him. He always wore Wellington boots. His capital was just five louis. This he changed into five-franc pieces, and he never staked more than one piece at a time, and if he won he withdrew his stakes after the third coup. His winnings he carefully placed in a side pocket, and whenever he had won four pieces he changed them into a louis and slipped the coin into one of his boots. He played for seven consecutive hours before his stock capital was exhausted. Then he returned to Nice, somewhat heavy of footstep, and, drawing off his boots, found that he had won 100 louis. "This was two years ago," continued Mr. Spectator, "and only last week I found Backum at a third-class hotel at Nice. He was in a dressing gown, and looking by no means cheerful. "How about the Wellington boot system?" I asked. "Utter collapse," he replied. "Confounded run of bad luck." "And the boots?" I went on. "The boots?" he replied. "I pawned them yesterday afternoon."—London Telegraph.

—After dinner use Adams' Tutti Frutti. It aids and strengthens digestion. Look out for fraudulent imitations.

AYER'S Hair VIGOR

Restores natural color to the hair, and also prevents it falling out. Mrs. H. W. Fenwick, of Digby, N. S., says:

"A little more than two years ago my hair began to turn gray and fall out. After the use of one bottle of Ayer's Hair Vigor my hair was restored to its original color and ceased falling out. An occasional application has since kept the hair in good condition."—Mrs. H. F. Fenwick, Digby, N. S.

"I have used Ayer's Hair Vigor for three years, and it has restored hair, which was fast becoming gray, back to its natural color."—H. W. Haselhoff, Paterson, N. J.

AYER'S HAIR VIGOR

PREPARED BY

DR. J. C. AYER & CO., LOWELL, MASS., U. S. A.

Ayer's Pills cure Sick Headache.

For First-class Footwear, Faultless Fit and Finest Finish, in Foremost Fashions, at Fairest Figures,

Blacks and Tans.

A. B. ERSKINE,

Corner Government and Johnson Streets

Have You

Tried Falconer's this season Fruit? Don't miss it! Choice! Delicious! Don't miss it! Ask your grocer for FALCONER'S.

Summer Suits to Order for $16

At R. J. MATTHEWS', Merchant Tailor, 101 Douglas St

First-class fit and workmanship guaranteed. Suits made and trimmed from $10. Good Pants to order from $3.50. Call and examine these goods before buying elsewhere.

101 DOUGLAS ST.

SUNDAY IN CITY CHURCHES.

Where and How Victorians Will Worship To-Morrow.

St. Paul's Presbyterian Church, Victoria West.—Services at the usual hour. Rev. D. Macrae, pastor.

Metropolitan Methodist Church.—Sermon 11 a. m. by Mrs. Barrett, the well known evangelist; and 7 p.m. by the pastor, Rev. S. Cleaver, M.A. Evening subject, "How Jonah got out of trouble."

James Bay Methodist Church—Sermons 11 a.m. and 7 p.m., by the pastor, Rev. T. J. McCrossan, B.A., B.D.

Centennial Church, Rev. J. P. Betts, pastor—11 a. m., sermon by the pastor; subject, "A Divine Response to Human Appeal." 7 p.m., sermon by Mrs. Barrett, lady evangelist. Prof. R. Spice, of Vancouver, will sing appropriate solos. Sacrament of the Lord's Supper at the close of the evening service.

Emmanuel Baptist Church.—The pastor, Rev. P. H. McEwen, will preach at 11 a.m. and 7.30 p. m. Morning subject, "Three important things." Evening subject, "Increased Responsibility." Sunday school and pastor's Bible class at 2.30 p.m.

Calvary Baptist Church, Herald street, Rev. Ralph Trotter, B.Th., pastor.—The pastor will conduct the usual services morning and evening. Morning subject, "Bible Finances." Evening subject, "The Cries of the Street." 2:30 p.m., Sunday school. Monday—8 p.m., Young People's literary meeting; subject, "The Institutional Church." Thursday—8 p. m., the regular prayer meeting. Seats always free. You are invited.

Rev. J. Robbins of Truro, N. S., will preach morning and evening in the James Bay Presbyterian Church to-morrow.

Theosophical society, 28 Broad street (Williams block)—Public meeting at 8.15 p.m.; subject, "Theosophy as a System of Truth Attainable by Men."

PASSENGERS.

Per steamer Rosalie from the Sound—F W Snow, Mrs Snow, Mr Hall, Mr Williams, J D Marsden, Mrs Marsden, Miss Susie Fisher, Miss Alice Woodruff, Peter Flaxel.

Per City of Kingston from the Sound—T Kershaw, A Wallen and wife, Mrs Crales, P Montgomery, M F Levy and son, Mrs C Boshet, Mrs W Covington, O Rhodes, Miss Hesser, H Hoept, H Caram, L Abraham, E A Banford and wife, Miss Anderson, H Roe, G Fratz, L Fratz, Mrs Chapman, P Livingston and wife, Mrs J Nelson, H Fratz, A Fratz, Miss Sheppes, H M Dickenson, J Robbins.

Per steamer Charmer from Vancouver—A W Corker, Mrs Corker, A N Barrow, Capt Garland, Miss Barrow, Miss Cates, H McTaggart, Geo Bogyer, Miss Bennett, Miss Edgett, A C Flumerfelt, Mrs Gillies, Miss Anderson, H Martin, Capt Christianson, D W Gillies, J J Prentice, C Miller, Miss C E Trew, Miss O J Trew, D Patterson, J Campbell, C S Crane, D B O'Neil, Miss M Findley and Maud Findley, T Sockling, Miss Carr, P R Peele, J A Anderson.

CONSIGNEES.

Per steamer Sehome from the Sound—A R Johnston & Co, Hudson's Bay Co, F Norris.

Per City of Kingston from the Sound—B C Iron Works, Str Queen, D R Ross & Co, P T Barlow, Weller Bros, N N McLennan, P E Lacey, J W Kelly, Ames Holden Co.

Per steamer Charmer from Vancouver—Clarke & Pearson, R A Brown, A & W Wilson, Wood & Orr, Speed Bros, S Leiser, J E McKillican, Parsons Prod Co, J W Anderson, S M Barris, Major & Eldridge, G A Carleton, J McMillan, T R Stewart, Kwong Yuen, Okell & M, Ramsay Bros, Small & Piddock, Wm Lough, Dom Ex Co.

Per steamer Rosalie from the Sound—J A Ritchie, Hastie & Bannerman, Hartman & Co, R B Oxley, J H Todd & Son, S Leiser & Co, H D Bensen, G N Ex, W Wilby, Colonist, M McKelley, G Marsden, C Braund, C Stevenson.

Dr. Price's Cream Baking Powder

Awarded Gold Medal Midwinter Fair, San Francisco.

Summer Is Here,

AND HAS COME TO STAY..... Get your washing done early in the morning by using

Pendray's "Electric" Soap,

and go on a picnic in the afternoon. Do not rub, rub all day by using inferior soap. Patronize home industry.

Merit Speaks.

You cannot hide a light under a bushel, nor can you keep from the public the merits of the

Heintzman and Nordheimer Pianos.

THEY SPEAK FOR THEMSELVES
TRUMPET TONGUED.
PEOPLE PRAISE THEM.
HEARERS LIKE THEM:
AND WE GUARANTEE THEM.

M. W. WAITT & CO.,

Agents.

"EASTERN."

The above Fire Insurance Co. having gone out of business, I beg to notify my patrons that all Policies are guaranteed by the Union Assurance Society of London, until expiration, when I shall be pleased to continue same in the

Imperial Fire Insurance Co.

OF LONDON,
Established in 1803, with Assets of
$9,000,000.

BEAUMONT BOGGS,

(Late General Agent Eastern.)

NOTICE.

..THE..

Union Assurance Society

A.D. 1874, OF LONDON,
(Capital and accumulated funds over $15,000,000.00).
Has reinsured all existing policies of the

Eastern Assurance Company

OF CANADA.

Eastern policy holders in Victoria may exchange their policies for those of the Union free of charge by applying to

J. ST. CLAIR BLACKETT,
General Agent, 74 Yates st., Victoria, B.C.
T. L. MORRISEY,
Resident Manager.
Montreal, 8th June, 1895.

Call at 74 Yates Street, For all kinds of

Wire Meat Covers, Wire Screens, ...
Wire Fly Traps, Wire Strainers, ...
Wire Clothes Lines, Wire Lawn Rakes,
Wire Fruit Holders, Wire Bird Cages,
All kinds of Tinware and Agateware cheap for cash.

R. Kenny & Co.

MEETINGS TO BE HELD.

NOTICE.

The Semi-Annual General Meeting of the Members of the

Vancouver Island Building Society

Will be held in Sir William Wallace Society's hall, Broad street, on SATURDAY, the 20th inst., at 8 o'clock p.m.

BUSINESS:

Receiving the financial statements of the Secretary and Treasurer, the disposal of such business as may come before the meeting and conducting the 41st Drawing for an Appropriation. See that your shares are not in arrears.

By order,

R. WILLIAMS, Secretary.